

ADVERTISE

The Best Medium for
Advertising
in the Colony is
THE CHINA MAIL.
THE POPULAR AND EASY TO READ PAPER.

The China Mail.

ESTABLISHED 1845.

PRINTED
By
J. H. B. B. B.
China Mail Office,
1, PRAYA CENTRAL.

No. 11,342.

號三十月七年九十九百八千一英

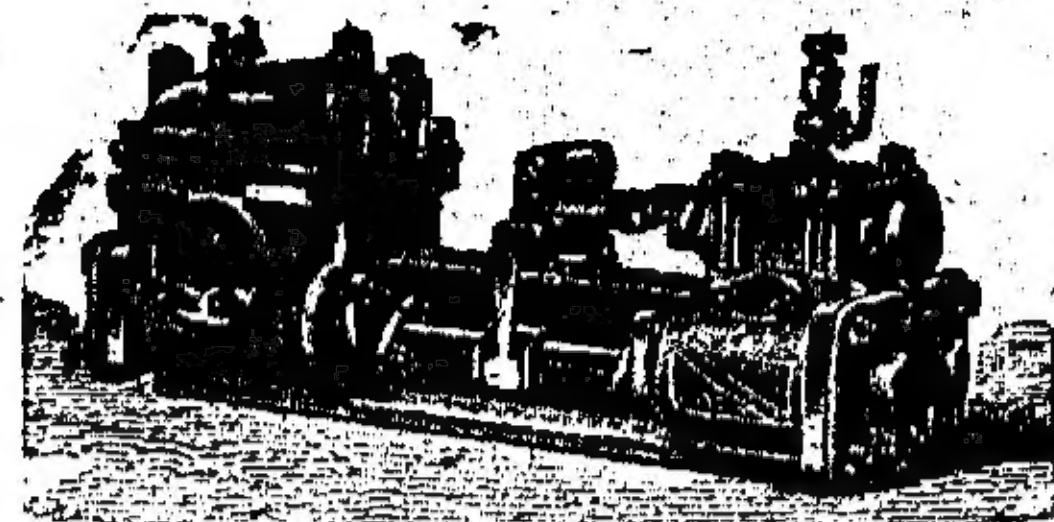
HONGKONG, THURSDAY, JULY 13, 1899.

日六初月六年亥己

PRION, \$2.50 per Month.

Business Notices.

W. S. BAILEY & Co.,



17, PRAYA CENTRAL.

PUMPS, PACKINGS, AND GENERAL STORES.
STEAM LAUNCHES BOUGHT,
SOLD OR BUILT TO ORDER,

By W. S. BAILEY,
Consulting and Superintending Engineer and Surveyor.

PATENT
PORTABLE
PIANOS.

SOMETHING NEW!
Only 2 feet High. Five Octaves.
REMARKABLE TONE
AND PERFECT TOUCH.
Suitable for Naval or Marine
Officers' Quarters.
CAPITAL IDEA FOR LAFOR PIANO
PARTIES.
For Sale or Hire.

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.'S
MUSICAL DEPARTMENT.

THE HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA
DUCK COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that an EX-
TRAORDINARY GENERAL
MEETING of the HONGKONG AND WHAM-
POA DUCK COMPANY, LIMITED, will be held
at the Office of the Company, Queen's Build-
ings, Victoria, in the Colony of Hongkong,
on WEDNESDAY, the 18th day of July,
1899, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, when
the following resolution, which was passed
at the Extraordinary General Meeting of
the Company held on the 3rd day of July,
1898, (being an amendment of the resolu-
tion originally proposed at said Meeting,
will be submitted for confirmation as a
special resolution viz:—

"That the Memorandum and Articles of
Association submitted to this meeting be
and the same are hereby approved with
the following alterations therein:—
1. With the words "in Hongkong and
elsewhere," inserted in clause 3 section
(a) line 1 of the said Memo-
randum of Association between the
words "to carry on" and the words
"the business of."
2. With the clause 5 placed before
the last clause in the said Memo-
randum of Association, beginning
"the Capital of the Company" and
with the latter portion of such clause
beginning with the words "with
power to divide" down to the end of
the clause eliminated.
3. With the words "in the General
Meeting" inserted in the said Memo-
randum of Association, beginning
"the Capital of the Company" and
with the latter portion of such clause
beginning with the words "with
power to divide" down to the end of
the clause eliminated.
4. With the words "(if any)" inserted
between the words "sums" and
"as" and the words "in General
Meeting" inserted between the words
"Company" and "may" in Article
Number 74 line 3 of the said Ar-
ticles of Association.
5. With all the words after the word
"shall" in line 1 of Article Number
109 of the said Articles of Associa-
tion eliminated down to the end of the
Article and with the following words
inserted instead thereof: "three days
of least notice to be given to the meeting is
served on the registered holders of
shares in the manner in which notices
are hereinafter directed to be served."
And that pursuant to the provisions of
the Companies (Memorandum of Associa-
tion) Ordinance 1890 the terms of the Com-
pany's constitution be altered by substat-
uting such Memorandum of Association with
extended objects as therein set forth (after
making the before mentioned alterations
therein) and such Articles of Association
(after making the before mentioned altera-
tions therein) for the Company's Deed of
Settlement dated the 29th of August, 1898
and for all regulations of the Company subse-
quently made and now in force, and that
the Directors be authorized to apply to the
Court to confirm this resolution under the
said Ordinance.
Dated the 4th day of July, 1899.
By order of the Board,
W. S. BAILEY,
Secretary.

QUEEN'S BUILDINGS
VICTORIA
HONGKONG.

ALHAMBRA FACTORY, MANILA CIGARS.

THE DUC DE MONTEBELLO
CHAMPAGNE.
HARVEY'S ROYAL TAWNY PORT.
Hongkong Agent— W. HUTTON POTTS,
Office: Dairy Farm Building,
Belair Gardens.

JUBILEE.

A LIGHT PILSENER BEER,
IN HOCK BOTTLES.

Per case of 4 dozen quarts - \$13.
" 6 " pints - 13.

SOLE AGENTS:
H. PRICE & CO.,
12 QUEEN'S ROAD.

W. POWELL & Co.,
QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL (IMMEDIATELY OPPOSITE P. O. 1st FLOOR.)

NEW HATS, NEW SHOES,
AND MILLINERY REQUISITES
W. POWELL & Co.

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY

WILL despatch VESSELS to the Undermentioned PORTS on the DATES
named:—
FOR STEAMSHIP CAPTAIN DATE
Y.M. Via SHAL O. D. SAUNDER, R.M.R. About 18th July.
NEKI & KORE, Bombay
SHANGHAI, Paravalla, A.A. SYMONS About 21st July.
LONDON, etc., Ballarat * O. L. W. FIELD Noon, 22nd July.
YOKOHAMA, Via
NSAKI & KORE, R.M.R. C. O. TALBOT 4 p.m., 22nd July.
LONDON, Socotra * T. H. HIDE, R.M.R. About 30th July.
LONDON, Munda * R. L. HADDOCK, R.M.R. About 10th August.
* See Special Advertisement. † For Freight, (only).
For Freight or passage, and further Particulars, apply to
H. A. RITCHIE, Superintendent.
P. & O. S.N. Co.'s Office,
Hongkong, July 11, 1899.

HONGKONG HOTEL.

FOR COMFORT UNSURPASSED
IN
ASIA

VICTORIA DISPENSARY.

DAKINS CARBOLIC SOAPS.
PRICKLY HEAT LOTION.
VICTORIA DISPENSARY

Business Notices.

BELL'S ASBESTOS EASTERN AGENCY, Ltd.,

HONGKONG HOTEL—PRAYA.



BELL'S ASBESTOS PACKINGS
ARE THE BEST.
BELL'S BOILER COMPOSITION
IS THE BEST.
BELL'S ENGINE OIL
IS THE BEST AND CHEAPEST IN THE MARKET.
KINGHORN & MACDONALD,
MANAGERS.

FOR
THE
WET
SEASON.
"THIGH"
AND
"NAPOLEON."
RUBBER BOOTS
LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.,
QUEEN'S ROAD & PRAYA CENTRAL.

WILKINSON, HEYWOOD & CLARK, LTD., (PROPRIETORS OF DAVID STORER & SONS), LONDON—LIVERPOOL—PARIS.

PRAYA CENTRAL, HONGKONG.
MAKERS OF PAINTS, VARNISHES AND COLORS

BELL BRAND
PAINTS
OF ALL COLORS,
WHITE LEAD,
WHITE ZINC,
RED LEAD,
TURPENTINE,
COPAL VARNISH,
AND
PALE BOILED
LINSEED OIL

It is impossible to procure in Hongkong A WHITE ZINC PAINT
which is Superior to
BELL BRAND.
SPECIAL GENUINE GROUND WHITE ZINC.
(All Keys Bear a Green St. Andrew's Cross.)

PEAK HOTEL AND CRAIGIEBURN.

THE PEAK HOTEL is situated at VICTORIA GAY, adjoining the TRAMWAY
STATION, 1500 feet above Sea Level.
CRAIGIEBURN is situated at PLUNKETT'S GAY, five minutes' walk from the
Peak Hotel.
Fine Healthy Location—Variety of Beautiful Scenery, Cool Southerly Breeze
in Summer, with perfect protection against the North-East Winds in Winter.
Well appointed Rooms, attentive Service, and excellent Cuisine.
2 City Office 7, DUNDRELL STREET. Geo. J. CASANOVA, Manager.

ASK FOR FERGUSON'S

P. & O.
SPECIAL LIQUEUR, 10 YEARS OLD
HIGHLAND WHISKY.
FERGUSON'S
SPECIAL CREAM
BREADALBANE HIGHLAND WHISKY.
These are the finest productions of Scotland;
devoid absolutely of all deleterious matter
THE CREME DE LA CREME OF
WHISKIES.
PURE AND MILD.
Sole Importers,
F. BLACKHEAD & Co.

CALDBECK, MACGREGOR & CO.
WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.
Head Office—1, 2 and 3, Rangoon Street, London, E.C.
Branches—15, Queen's Road, Hongkong;
7, Fochow Street, Shanghai;
1, Prince Street, Singapore;
1, Market Street, Penang;
1, Market Street, Malacca;
1, Market Street, Batavia;
1, Market Street, Surabaya;
1, Market Street, Medan;
1, Market Street, Palembang;
1, Market Street, Pontianak;
1, Market Street, Banjarmasin;
1, Market Street, Makassar;
1, Market Street, Manado;
1, Market Street, Ternate;
1, Market Street, Tidore;
1, Market Street, Halmahera;
1, Market Street, Sulu;
1, Market Street, Mindanao;
1, Market Street, Philippines;
1, Market Street, Java;
1, Market Street, Sumatra;
1, Market Street, Borneo;
1, Market Street, Celebes;
1, Market Street, Moluccas;
1, Market Street, East Indies;
1, Market Street, West Indies;
1, Market Street, Central America;
1, Market Street, South America;
1, Market Street, Africa;
1, Market Street, Europe;
1, Market Street, Asia;
1, Market Street, Australia;
1, Market Street, New Zealand;
1, Market Street, South Africa;
1, Market Street, North Africa;
1, Market Street, Egypt;
1, Market Street, Syria;
1, Market Street, Persia;
1, Market Street, Arabia;
1, Market Street, India;
1, Market Street, China;
1, Market Street, Japan;
1, Market Street, Korea;
1, Market Street, Manchuria;
1, Market Street, Mongolia;
1, Market Street, Tibet;
1, Market Street, Nepal;
1, Market Street, Bhutan;
1, Market Street, Sikkim;
1, Market Street, Assam;
1, Market Street, Bengal;
1, Market Street, Madras;
1, Market Street, Bombay;
1, Market Street, Ceylon;
1, Market Street, Malaya;
1, Market Street, Sumatra;
1, Market Street, Borneo;
1, Market Street, Celebes;
1, Market Street, Moluccas;
1, Market Street, East Indies;
1, Market Street, West Indies;
1, Market Street, Central America;
1, Market Street, South America;
1, Market Street, Africa;
1, Market Street, Europe;
1, Market Street, Asia;
1, Market Street, Australia;
1, Market Street, New Zealand;
1, Market Street, South Africa;
1, Market Street, North Africa;
1, Market Street, Egypt;
1, Market Street, Syria;
1, Market Street, Persia;
1, Market Street, Arabia;
1, Market Street, India;
1, Market Street, China;
1, Market Street, Japan;
1, Market Street, Korea;
1, Market Street, Manchuria;
1, Market Street, Mongolia;
1, Market Street, Tibet;
1, Market Street, Nepal;
1, Market Street, Bhutan;
1, Market Street, Sikkim;
1, Market Street, Assam;
1, Market Street, Bengal;
1, Market Street, Madras;
1, Market Street, Bombay;
1, Market Street, Ceylon;
1, Market Street, Malaya;
1, Market Street, Sumatra;
1, Market Street, Borneo;
1, Market Street, Celebes;
1, Market Street, Moluccas;
1, Market Street, East Indies;
1, Market Street, West Indies;
1, Market Street, Central America;
1, Market Street, South America;
1, Market Street, Africa;
1, Market Street, Europe;
1, Market Street, Asia;
1, Market Street, Australia;
1, Market Street, New Zealand;
1, Market Street, South Africa;
1, Market Street, North Africa;
1, Market Street, Egypt;
1, Market Street, Syria;
1, Market Street, Persia;
1, Market Street, Arabia;
1, Market Street, India;
1, Market Street, China;
1, Market Street, Japan;
1, Market Street, Korea;
1, Market Street, Manchuria;
1, Market Street, Mongolia;
1, Market Street, Tibet;
1, Market Street, Nepal;
1, Market Street, Bhutan;
1, Market Street, Sikkim;
1, Market Street, Assam;
1, Market Street, Bengal;
1, Market Street, Madras;
1, Market Street, Bombay;
1, Market Street, Ceylon;
1, Market Street, Malaya;
1, Market Street, Sumatra;
1, Market Street, Borneo;
1, Market Street, Celebes;
1, Market Street, Moluccas;
1, Market Street, East Indies;
1, Market Street, West Indies;
1, Market Street, Central America;
1, Market Street, South America;
1, Market Street, Africa;
1, Market Street, Europe;
1, Market Street, Asia;
1, Market Street, Australia;
1, Market Street, New Zealand;
1, Market Street, South Africa;
1, Market Street, North Africa;
1, Market Street, Egypt;
1, Market Street, Syria;
1, Market Street, Persia;
1, Market Street, Arabia;
1, Market Street, India;
1, Market Street, China;
1, Market Street, Japan;
1, Market Street, Korea;
1, Market Street, Manchuria;
1, Market Street, Mongolia;
1, Market Street, Tibet;
1, Market Street, Nepal;
1, Market Street, Bhutan;
1, Market Street, Sikkim;
1, Market Street, Assam;
1, Market Street, Bengal;
1, Market Street, Madras;
1, Market Street, Bombay;
1, Market Street, Ceylon;
1, Market Street, Malaya;
1, Market Street, Sumatra;
1, Market Street, Borneo;
1, Market Street, Celebes;
1, Market Street, Moluccas;
1, Market Street, East Indies;
1, Market Street, West Indies;
1, Market Street, Central America;
1, Market Street, South America;
1, Market Street, Africa;
1, Market Street, Europe;
1, Market Street, Asia;
1, Market Street, Australia;
1, Market Street, New Zealand;
1, Market Street, South Africa;
1, Market Street, North Africa;
1, Market Street, Egypt;
1, Market Street, Syria;
1, Market Street, Persia;
1, Market Street, Arabia;
1, Market Street, India;
1, Market Street, China;
1, Market Street, Japan;
1, Market Street, Korea;
1, Market Street, Manchuria;
1, Market Street, Mongolia;
1, Market Street, Tibet;
1, Market Street, Nepal;
1, Market Street, Bhutan;
1, Market Street, Sikkim;
1, Market Street, Assam;
1, Market Street, Bengal;
1, Market Street, Madras;
1, Market Street, Bombay;
1, Market Street, Ceylon;
1, Market Street, Malaya;
1, Market Street, Sumatra;
1, Market Street, Borneo;
1, Market Street, Celebes;
1, Market Street, Moluccas;
1, Market Street, East Indies;
1, Market Street, West Indies;
1, Market Street, Central America;
1, Market Street, South America;
1, Market Street, Africa;
1, Market Street, Europe;
1, Market Street, Asia;
1, Market Street, Australia;
1, Market Street, New Zealand;
1, Market Street, South Africa;
1, Market Street, North Africa;
1, Market Street, Egypt;
1, Market Street, Syria;
1, Market Street, Persia;
1, Market Street, Arabia;
1, Market Street, India;
1, Market Street, China;
1, Market Street, Japan;
1, Market Street, Korea;
1, Market Street, Manchuria;
1, Market Street, Mongolia;
1, Market Street, Tibet;
1, Market Street, Nepal;
1, Market Street, Bhutan;
1, Market Street, Sikkim;
1, Market Street, Assam;
1, Market Street, Bengal;
1, Market Street, Madras;
1, Market Street, Bombay;
1, Market Street, Ceylon;
1, Market Street, Malaya;
1, Market Street, Sumatra;
1, Market Street, Borneo;
1, Market Street, Celebes;
1, Market Street, Moluccas;
1, Market Street, East Indies;
1, Market Street, West Indies;
1, Market Street, Central America;
1, Market Street, South America;
1, Market Street, Africa;
1, Market Street, Europe;
1, Market Street, Asia;
1, Market Street, Australia;
1, Market Street, New Zealand;
1, Market Street, South Africa;
1, Market Street, North Africa;
1, Market Street, Egypt;
1, Market Street, Syria;
1, Market Street, Persia;
1, Market Street, Arabia;
1, Market Street, India;
1, Market Street, China;
1, Market Street, Japan;
1, Market Street, Korea;
1, Market Street, Manchuria;
1, Market Street, Mongolia;
1, Market Street, Tibet;
1, Market Street, Nepal;
1, Market Street, Bhutan;
1, Market Street, Sikkim;
1, Market Street, Assam;
1, Market Street, Bengal;
1, Market Street, Madras;
1, Market Street, Bombay;
1, Market Street, Ceylon;
1, Market Street, Malaya;
1, Market Street, Sumatra;
1, Market Street, Borneo;
1, Market Street, Celebes;
1, Market Street, Moluccas;
1, Market Street, East Indies;
1, Market Street, West Indies;
1, Market Street, Central America;
1, Market Street, South America;
1, Market Street, Africa;
1, Market Street, Europe;
1, Market Street, Asia;
1, Market Street, Australia;
1, Market Street, New Zealand;
1, Market Street, South Africa;
1, Market Street, North Africa;
1, Market Street, Egypt;
1, Market Street, Syria;
1, Market Street, Persia;
1, Market Street, Arabia;
1, Market Street, India;
1, Market Street, China;
1, Market Street, Japan;
1, Market Street, Korea;
1, Market Street, Manchuria;
1, Market Street, Mongolia;
1, Market Street, Tibet;
1, Market Street, Nepal;
1, Market Street, Bhutan;
1, Market Street, Sikkim;
1, Market Street, Assam;
1, Market Street, Bengal;
1, Market Street, Madras;
1, Market Street, Bombay;
1, Market Street, Ceylon;
1, Market Street, Malaya;
1, Market Street, Sumatra;
1, Market Street, Borneo;
1, Market Street, Celebes;
1, Market Street, Moluccas;
1, Market Street, East Indies;
1, Market Street, West Indies;
1, Market Street, Central America;
1, Market Street, South America;
1, Market Street, Africa;
1, Market Street, Europe;
1, Market Street, Asia;
1, Market Street, Australia;
1, Market Street, New Zealand;
1, Market Street, South Africa;
1, Market Street, North Africa;
1, Market Street, Egypt;
1, Market Street, Syria;
1, Market Street, Persia;
1, Market Street, Arabia;
1, Market Street, India;
1, Market Street, China;
1, Market Street, Japan;
1, Market Street, Korea;
1, Market Street, Manchuria;
1, Market Street, Mongolia;
1, Market Street, Tibet;
1, Market Street, Nepal;
1, Market Street, Bhutan;
1, Market Street, Sikkim;
1, Market Street, Assam;
1, Market Street, Bengal;
1, Market Street, Madras;
1, Market Street, Bombay;
1, Market Street, Ceylon;
1, Market Street, Malaya;
1, Market Street, Sumatra;
1, Market Street, Borneo;
1, Market Street, Celebes;
1, Market Street, Moluccas;
1, Market Street, East Indies;
1, Market Street, West Indies;
1, Market Street, Central America;
1, Market Street, South America;
1, Market Street, Africa;
1, Market Street, Europe;
1, Market Street, Asia;
1, Market Street, Australia;
1, Market Street, New Zealand;
1, Market Street, South Africa;
1, Market Street, North Africa;
1, Market Street, Egypt;
1, Market Street, Syria;
1, Market Street, Persia;
1, Market Street, Arabia;
1, Market Street, India;
1, Market Street, China;
1, Market Street, Japan;
1, Market Street, Korea;
1, Market Street, Manchuria;
1, Market Street, Mongolia;
1, Market Street, Tibet;
1, Market Street, Nepal;
1, Market Street, Bhutan;
1, Market Street, Sikkim;
1, Market Street, Assam;
1, Market Street, Bengal;
1, Market Street, Madras;
1, Market Street, Bombay;
1, Market Street, Ceylon;
1, Market Street, Malaya;
1, Market Street, Sumatra;
1, Market Street, Borneo;
1, Market Street, Celebes;
1, Market Street, Moluccas;
1, Market Street, East Indies;
1, Market Street, West Indies;
1, Market Street, Central America;
1, Market Street, South America;
1, Market Street, Africa;
1, Market Street, Europe;
1, Market Street, Asia;
1, Market Street, Australia;
1, Market Street, New Zealand;
1, Market Street, South Africa;
1, Market Street, North Africa;
1, Market Street, Egypt;
1, Market Street, Syria;
1, Market Street, Persia;
1, Market Street, Arabia;
1, Market Street, India;
1, Market Street, China;
1, Market Street, Japan;
1, Market Street, Korea;
1, Market Street, Manchuria;
1, Market Street, Mongolia;
1, Market Street, Tibet;
1, Market Street, Nepal;
1, Market Street, Bhutan;
1, Market Street, Sikkim;
1, Market Street, Assam;
1, Market Street, Bengal;
1, Market Street, Madras;
1, Market Street, Bombay;
1, Market Street, Ceylon;
1, Market Street, Malaya;
1, Market Street, Sumatra;
1, Market Street, Borneo;
1, Market Street, Celebes;
1, Market Street, Moluccas;
1, Market Street, East Indies;
1, Market Street, West Indies;
1, Market Street, Central America;
1, Market Street, South America;
1, Market Street, Africa;
1, Market Street, Europe;
1, Market Street, Asia;
1, Market Street, Australia;
1, Market Street, New Zealand;
1, Market Street, South Africa;
1, Market Street, North Africa;
1, Market Street, Egypt;
1, Market Street, Syria;
1, Market Street, Persia;
1, Market Street, Arabia;
1, Market Street, India;
1, Market Street, China;
1, Market Street, Japan;
1, Market Street, Korea;
1, Market Street, Manchuria;
1, Market Street, Mongolia;
1, Market Street, Tibet;
1, Market Street, Nepal;
1, Market Street, Bhutan;
1, Market Street, Sikkim;
1, Market Street, Assam;
1, Market Street, Bengal;
1, Market Street, Madras;
1, Market Street, Bombay;
1, Market Street, Ceylon;
1, Market Street, Malaya;
1, Market Street, Sumatra;
1, Market Street, Borneo;
1, Market Street, Celebes;
1, Market Street, Moluccas;
1, Market Street, East Indies;
1, Market Street, West Indies;
1, Market Street, Central America;
1, Market Street, South America;
1, Market Street, Africa;
1, Market Street, Europe;
1, Market Street, Asia;
1, Market Street, Australia;
1, Market Street, New Zealand;
1, Market Street, South Africa;
1, Market Street, North Africa;
1, Market Street, Egypt;
1, Market Street, Syria;
1, Market Street, Persia;
1, Market Street, Arabia;
1, Market Street, India;
1, Market Street, China;
1, Market Street, Japan;
1, Market Street, Korea;
1, Market Street, Manchuria;
1, Market Street, Mongolia;
1, Market Street, Tibet;
1, Market Street, Nepal;
1, Market Street, Bhutan;
1, Market Street, Sikkim;
1, Market Street, Assam;
1, Market Street, Bengal;
1, Market Street, Madras;
1, Market Street, Bombay;
1, Market Street, Ceylon;
1, Market Street, Malaya;
1, Market Street, Sumatra;
1, Market Street, Borneo;
1, Market Street, Celebes;
1, Market Street, Moluccas;
1, Market Street, East Indies;
1, Market Street, West Indies;
1, Market Street, Central America;
1, Market Street, South America;
1, Market Street, Africa;
1, Market Street, Europe;
1, Market Street, Asia;
1, Market Street, Australia;
1, Market Street, New Zealand;
1, Market Street, South Africa;
1, Market Street, North Africa;
1, Market Street, Egypt;
1, Market Street, Syria;
1, Market Street, Persia;
1, Market Street, Arabia;
1, Market Street, India;
1, Market Street, China;
1, Market Street, Japan;
1, Market Street, Korea;
1, Market Street, Manchuria;
1, Market Street, Mongolia;
1, Market Street, Tibet;
1, Market Street, Nepal;
1, Market Street, Bhutan;
1, Market Street, Sikkim;
1, Market Street, Assam;
1, Market Street, Bengal;
1, Market Street, Madras;
1, Market Street, Bombay;
1, Market Street, Ceylon;
1, Market Street, Malaya;
1, Market Street, Sumatra;
1, Market Street, Borneo;
1, Market Street, Celebes;
1, Market Street, Moluccas;
1, Market Street, East Indies;
1, Market Street, West Indies;
1, Market Street, Central America;
1, Market Street, South America;
1, Market Street, Africa;
1, Market Street, Europe;
1, Market Street, Asia;
1, Market Street, Australia;
1, Market Street, New Zealand;
1, Market Street, South Africa;
1, Market Street, North Africa;
1, Market Street, Egypt;
1, Market Street, Syria;
1, Market Street, Persia;
1, Market Street, Arabia;
1, Market Street, India;
1, Market Street, China;
1, Market Street, Japan;
1, Market Street, Korea;
1, Market Street, Manchuria;
1, Market Street, Mongolia;
1, Market Street, Tibet;
1, Market Street, Nepal;
1, Market Street, Bhutan;
1, Market Street, Sikkim;
1, Market Street, Assam;
1, Market Street, Bengal;
1, Market Street, Madras;
1, Market Street, Bombay;
1, Market Street, Ceylon;
1, Market Street, Malaya;
1, Market Street, Sumatra;
1, Market Street, Borneo;
1, Market Street, Celebes;
1, Market Street, Moluccas;
1, Market Street, East Indies;
1, Market Street, West Indies;
1, Market Street, Central America;
1, Market Street, South America;
1, Market Street, Africa;
1, Market Street, Europe;
1, Market Street, Asia;
1, Market Street, Australia;
1, Market Street, New Zealand;
1, Market Street, South Africa;
1, Market Street, North Africa;
1, Market Street, Egypt;
1, Market Street, Syria;
1, Market Street, Persia;
1, Market Street, Arabia;
1, Market Street, India;
1, Market Street, China;
1, Market Street, Japan;
1, Market Street, Korea;
1, Market Street, Manchuria;
1, Market Street, Mongolia;
1, Market Street, Tibet;
1, Market Street, Nepal;
1, Market Street, Bhutan;
1, Market Street, Sikkim;
1, Market Street, Assam;
1, Market Street, Bengal;
1, Market Street, Madras;
1, Market Street, Bombay;
1, Market Street, Ceylon;
1, Market Street, Malaya;
1, Market Street, Sumatra;
1, Market Street, Borneo;
1, Market Street, Celebes;
1, Market Street, Moluccas;
1, Market Street, East Indies;
1, Market Street, West Indies;
1, Market Street, Central America;
1, Market Street, South America;
1, Market Street, Africa;
1, Market Street, Europe;
1, Market Street, Asia;
1, Market Street, Australia;
1, Market Street, New Zealand;
1, Market Street, South Africa;
1, Market Street, North Africa;
1, Market Street, Egypt;
1, Market Street, Syria;
1, Market Street, Persia;
1, Market Street, Arabia;
1, Market Street, India;
1, Market Street, China;
1, Market Street, Japan;
1, Market Street, Korea;
1, Market Street, Manchuria;
1, Market Street, Mongolia;
1, Market Street, Tibet;
1, Market Street, Nepal;
1, Market Street, Bhutan;
1, Market Street, Sikkim;
1, Market Street, Assam;
1, Market Street, Bengal;
1, Market Street, Madras;
1, Market Street, Bombay;
1, Market Street, Ceylon;
1, Market Street, Malaya;
1, Market Street, Sumatra;
1, Market Street, Borneo;
1, Market Street, Celebes;
1, Market Street, Moluccas;
1, Market Street, East Indies;
1, Market Street, West Indies;
1, Market Street, Central America;
1, Market Street, South America;
1, Market Street, Africa;
1, Market Street, Europe;
1, Market Street, Asia;
1, Market Street, Australia;
1, Market Street, New Zealand;
1, Market Street, South Africa;
1, Market Street, North Africa;
1, Market Street, Egypt;
1, Market Street, Syria;
1, Market Street, Persia;
1, Market Street, Arabia;
1, Market Street, India;
1, Market Street, China;
1, Market Street, Japan;
1, Market Street, Korea;
1, Market Street, Manchuria;
1, Market Street, Mongolia;
1, Market Street, Tibet;
1, Market Street, Nepal;
1, Market Street, Bhutan;
1, Market Street, Sikkim;
1, Market Street, Assam;
1, Market Street, Bengal;
1, Market Street, Madras;
1, Market Street, Bombay;
1, Market Street, Ceylon;
1, Market Street, Malaya;
1, Market Street, Sumatra;
1, Market Street, Borneo;
1, Market Street, Celebes;
1, Market Street, Moluccas;
1, Market Street, East Indies;
1, Market Street, West Indies;
1, Market Street, Central America;
1, Market Street, South America;
1, Market Street, Africa;
1, Market Street, Europe;
1, Market Street, Asia;
1, Market Street, Australia;
1, Market Street, New Zealand;
1, Market Street, South Africa;
1, Market Street, North Africa;
1, Market Street, Egypt;
1, Market Street, Syria;
1, Market Street, Persia;
1, Market Street, Arabia;
1, Market Street, India;
1, Market Street, China;
1, Market Street, Japan;
1, Market Street, Korea;
1, Market Street, Manchuria;
1, Market Street, Mongolia;
1, Market Street, Tibet;
1, Market Street, Nepal;
1, Market Street, Bhutan;
1, Market Street, Sikkim;
1, Market Street, Assam;
1, Market Street, Bengal;
1, Market Street, Madras;
1, Market Street, Bombay;
1, Market Street, Ceylon;
1, Market Street, Malaya;
1, Market Street, Sumatra;
1, Market Street, Borneo;
1, Market Street, Celebes;
1, Market Street, Moluccas;
1, Market Street, East Indies;
1, Market Street, West Indies;
1, Market Street, Central America;
1, Market Street, South America;
1, Market Street, Africa;
1, Market Street, Europe;
1, Market Street, Asia;
1, Market Street, Australia;
1, Market Street, New Zealand;
1, Market Street, South Africa;
1, Market Street, North Africa;
1, Market Street, Egypt;
1, Market Street, Syria;
1, Market Street, Persia;
1, Market Street, Arabia;
1, Market Street, India;
1, Market Street, China;
1, Market Street, Japan;
1, Market Street, Korea;
1, Market Street, Manchuria;
1, Market Street, Mongolia;
1, Market Street, Tibet;
1, Market Street, Nepal;
1, Market Street, Bhutan;
1, Market Street, Sikkim;
1, Market Street, Assam;
1, Market Street, Bengal;
1, Market Street, Madras;
1, Market Street, Bombay;
1, Market Street, Ceylon;
1, Market Street, Malaya;
1, Market Street, Sumatra;
1, Market Street, Borneo;
1, Market Street, Celebes;
1, Market Street, Moluccas;
1, Market Street, East Indies;
1, Market Street, West Indies;
1, Market Street, Central America;
1, Market Street, South America;
1, Market Street, Africa;
1, Market Street, Europe;
1, Market Street, Asia;
1, Market Street, Australia;
1, Market Street, New Zealand;
1, Market Street, South Africa;
1, Market Street, North Africa;
1, Market Street, Egypt;
1, Market Street, Syria;
1, Market Street, Persia;
1, Market Street, Arabia;
1, Market Street, India;
1, Market Street, China;
1, Market Street, Japan;
1, Market Street, Korea;
1, Market Street, Manchuria;
1, Market Street, Mongolia;
1, Market Street, Tibet;
1, Market Street, Nepal;
1, Market Street, Bhutan;
1, Market Street, Sikkim;
1, Market Street, Assam;
1, Market Street, Bengal;
1, Market Street, Madras;
1, Market Street, Bombay;
1, Market Street, Ceylon;
1, Market Street, Malaya;
1, Market Street, Sumatra;
1, Market Street, Borneo;
1, Market Street, Celebes;
1, Market Street, Moluccas;
1, Market Street, East Indies;
1, Market Street, West Indies;
1, Market Street, Central America;
1, Market Street, South America;
1, Market Street, Africa;
1, Market Street, Europe;
1, Market Street, Asia;
1, Market Street, Australia;
1, Market Street, New Zealand;
1, Market Street, South Africa;
1, Market Street, North Africa;
1, Market Street, Egypt;
1, Market Street, Syria;
1, Market Street, Persia;
1, Market Street, Arabia;
1, Market Street, India;
1, Market Street, China;
1, Market Street, Japan;
1, Market Street, Korea;
1, Market Street, Manchuria;
1, Market Street, Mongolia;
1, Market Street, Tibet;
1, Market Street, Nepal;
1, Market Street, Bhutan;
1, Market Street, Sikkim;
1, Market Street, Assam;
1, Market Street, Bengal;
1, Market Street, Madras;
1, Market Street, Bombay;
1, Market Street, Ceylon;
1, Market Street, Malaya;
1, Market Street, Sumatra;
1, Market Street, Borneo;
1, Market Street, Celebes;
1, Market Street, Moluccas;
1, Market Street, East Indies;
1, Market Street, West Indies;
1, Market Street, Central America;
1, Market Street, South America;
1, Market Street, Africa;
1, Market Street, Europe;
1, Market Street, Asia;
1, Market Street, Australia;
1, Market Street, New Zealand;
1, Market Street, South Africa;
1, Market Street, North Africa;
1, Market Street, Egypt;
1, Market Street, Syria;
1, Market Street, Persia;
1, Market Street, Arabia;
1, Market Street, India;
1, Market Street, China;
1, Market Street, Japan;
1, Market Street, Korea;
1, Market Street, Manchuria;
1, Market Street, Mongolia;
1, Market Street, Tibet;
1, Market Street, Nepal;
1, Market Street, Bhutan;
1, Market Street, Sikkim;
1, Market Street, Assam;
1, Market Street, Bengal;
1, Market Street, Madras;
1, Market Street, Bombay;
1, Market Street, Ceylon;
1, Market Street, Malaya;
1, Market Street, Sumatra;
1, Market Street, Borneo;
1, Market Street, Celebes;
1, Market Street, Moluccas;
1, Market Street, East Indies;
1, Market Street, West Indies;
1

News in Brief.

A big Chinese cruiser, flying the British mercantile ensign, has arrived at Singapore on the 3rd inst.

Out of 600 applicants for admission to the Russian School in Peking only 40 have been admitted, that number being considered sufficient.

Lieutenant H. Colclough, 1st Battalion Lancashire Regiment, has been provisionally appointed a Wing Officer in the Malay States Guides, with effect from 10th June, 1899, the day on which he arrived in Penak.

A New Japanese Battleship.

The first-class battleship *Katsura* was successfully launched at Newmarket on the 27th June. She is one of the four big ships included in Japan's post-bellum programme of naval expansion. Her displacement is 15,240 tons, and her speed 18 knots. It is expected that she will be ready for sea by March next.

A Cook in Trouble.

At the Harbour Master's Office to-day before Commander R. M. Ramsey, R. Hansen, cook of the British barque *Ilse*, was charged at the instance of Alfred F. Ikers, the master of the ship, with refusing duty on 13th July. The Captain said that yesterday morning defendant was in the cabin. There was some dispute about land, and he started thumping the table. The Captain told him to leave the cabin. He refused to do so, and said 'I don't chuck you over the side.' And he didn't. The Captain said that he was very violent. The defendant was asked what he had to say. He intimated to the Magistrate that he did not understand. The Magistrate told the Captain—'Why did you not tell me he was an Englishman?' The Captain—'He understands at any other time. He is a Swede. The case was adjourned to obtain an interpreter from the Swedish Consulate. An interpreter having been secured, the defendant said he asked the Captain for some food. The Captain asked what for. Defendant said for coffee at night but he did not touch him. He went inside the cabin. The Captain got angry, jumped up and took him by the throat and pushed him out to the sea, finishing up by throwing him out of the cabin door. The Captain told him not to come into the cabin and go further away from the door. Defendant did not go because he wanted to see the Captain's pardon and explain. He had since begged his pardon, but the Captain would not listen to him. The Magistrate cautioned the prisoner and ordered him to forfeit two days' pay.

Volunteering.

Major Morris, R.A., has been offered and has accepted the appointment of Acting Commandant of the Volunteer Corps. A meeting of the Field Battery was held last night to suggest names for the Captaincy tendered vacant by the promotion of Captain Chapman to Major, and second in Command of the Corps, and the Lieutenant was the officer selected as Captain. Major Chapman presided. In a few remarks he explained that the meeting had been called at the instigation of the late Acting Commandant in order to assist the new Acting Commandant in his selection of gentlemen for the vacancies. Under the new regulations it was entirely irregular for a meeting of the Corps to select officers. The power was vested in the Commandant to submit to the Governor, through the General Officer Commanding the Troops, recommendations for the appointment and promotion of all officers of units. All they had to do that night, therefore, was to suggest names to the Acting Commandant. Major Chapman read a letter from Lieutenant Macdonald, at home on furlough, in which he intimated his intention to remain in the Corps but not seek further promotion. Under these circumstances the name of Lieutenant Macdonald, as the next in seniority, would be submitted. A member having expressed some doubts as to the meaning to be taken out of Lieutenant Macdonald's letter, it was resolved that Lieutenant Macdonald's name be also submitted. The next matter was the election of a Lieutenant of the Field Battery. The members were asked to submit names. Captain Bland, the Adjutant, said it might save trouble if he read a letter he had received from Battery-Sergeant-Major Duncan, who as senior non-commissioned officer, might be thought well suited for the appointment. Mr Duncan had written intimating that he did not desire his name to be put up as an officer. The members then sent in slips containing the names of gentlemen for the Lieutenantcy. The large majority of the slips selected Sergeant Armstrong for the appointment. The name of Mr Scott, of the Dispensary, was also submitted. It was resolved to write a letter to Battery-Sergeant-Major Duncan expressing regret that he had not seen his way to allow his name to be submitted. The meeting then 'wet the Major's jacket,' and the proceedings terminated.

SPENT A GOOD FARM DOCTORING.

M. R. A. Neill of Ashbury, Kansas, says he spent a good farm doctoring himself for chronic diarrhoea but got no relief and was afraid that he must die. He changed to get hold of a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and was permanently cured by it. For sale by all Druggists. Write to Geo. W. Peck, New York.

VERSA AT THE DOCKS.—At Kaituma, Isla de Luzon, H.M.S. *Harbottle*, Lieut. Col. de Austria, Aguirre.—(None).

Alleged Secret Treaty.

A 'Pioneer' correspondent writes to the N.C. Daily News:—There is a belief in some quarters that China has concluded a secret treaty with Japan, and that the news of the return by the Japanese of the war vessels taken at Weihaiwei was issued as a mere bluff to draw out the news of the secret treaty. This is plausible enough, but we have our doubts.

Yunnan Tribute Money.

A new arrangement has been made by the Viceroy of Yunnan in the forwarding of tribute to Peking. In future 1,000,000 taels will be sent to the capital for the coining of cash and 5,000,000 taels to be retained at Yunnan to be coined into cash before forwarding it to the metropolis. Necessary steps have been taken to establish a plant there to strike the cash.

Japanese Labour for Hawaii.

According to a vernacular paper, 15,000 Japanese labourers are to be imported into Hawaii during the coming autumn. Of these, 7,000 have been already contracted for with various Japanese immigration companies. It is said that the Japanese Government has secured an order to supply 2,800 labourers, the Tokyo Emigration Company 7,444, and the Kure Japanese Emigration Company 1,404. These labourers are to be shipped from Yokohama and Kobe by the 10th inst.

The Liangjiang Viceroyalty.

A Peking dispatch to a Shanghai Chinese official on the 7th inst. reports that Viceroy Liu K'un-yi has sent to the Throne his resignation of the Viceroyalty of the Liangjiang provinces, and that it is rumoured that Wang Wei-shan, now President of the Board of Revenue, may possibly be appointed to succeed Viceroy Liu. Kung Yi, it is well-known, is also anxious for the post, but it is said that the Emperor Dowager prefers to have him at Peking as a counter-balance to the increasing power of her nephew Jung Lu's party.—N.C. Daily News.

Taking a C. O. off.

During the heat of Tuesday afternoon, says the *Japan Herald*, an American visitor staying at one of the hotels on the Bund (Yokohama), finding the temperature unbearable, suddenly hit upon a brilliant idea, which he proceeded to carry out forthwith. He quietly approached the water front, disrobed and waded into the cooling element up to his neck, retaining a sun helmet on his head and a parcel to further protect him from the rays of the sun. In this comfortable summer costume he lay down, and the word is admissible, up and down the front until thoroughly satisfied and rested to a suitable degree of Fahrenheit.

A New Japanese Cruiser.

The *Strait Times* of the 3rd inst. reports:—The Japanese belted cruiser *Tokitsuki*, Captain Dama, arrived here yesterday from England on her way to Japan. In our issue of Friday we described the *Tokitsuki* in detail. She is a screw steamer, 408 feet long by 67 feet beam, and displaces about 9,700 tons at her mean draught of 24 ft. 6 in. The armament consists of 4 8-inch quick-firing guns mounted in pairs in Girch Harveys steel turrets fore and aft, and 14 6-inch quick-firing guns, arranged 2 on each side forward and 2 on each side aft—two over the other, in pairs—and 3 on each broadside, of which one is carried in a casemate on the main deck, and the other 2 in shells on the upper decks. There are also 12 pounders and 1 1/2 pounder quick-fires. The whole of the armament is quick-firing, and the end-on fire, to which so much attention is now being paid, is exceedingly heavy. Altogether about 8,100 tons of armament have been worked into the ship. Her speed trials have proved her to be one of the fastest first-class cruisers in existence. She sails for Yokohama to-day.

New Military Headgear.

In his report on the autumn manoeuvres of last year, the Commander-in-Chief roundly condemned the present service cap as being totally unsuited for the use of troops in the field, inasmuch as it let so much of the head exposed, and offered no protection to the eyes or neck. Since that time the particular department of the War Office, which is charged with the duty of clothing and equipping the army, has had a variety of patterns of field-service headgear under consideration, and very shortly a new cap of a universal shape for all arms of the service will be issued. In appearance it somewhat resembles the headgear worn by the late Emperor of the German Empire, which has a leather cap both in front and behind. With the exception of a stiffened band which fits close round the head, the body of the cap is soft and can be packed closely in much the same way as the French soldiers' kepi. The pattern will be universal, but helmets for regimental distinctions in the form of colouring. It will be belted. The new cap will be used for all drill and field parades, but the present Austrian cap will be retained in the infantry for 'walking out,' and similarly the present round or 'pork-pie' forage cap in the cavalry and infantry.

The Open Golf Champion.

Yvon (who has won the Open Golf Championship for the second year in succession and for the third time altogether) is regarded as the finest golfer who has yet sprung a club. The fame of young Tom Morris, who for so long held a mythical position in the chronicles of the game, has at last suffered eclipse. During a whole year's play Yvon has, with one or two exceptions, played up to his best form, and he is as remarkable for the brilliancy of his play. His driving is straight and longer than that of any other player; his longer shots are the marvel of his opponents; his approach lay the ball dangerously near the hole; and his putting is little short of miraculous. He has not over-run the hole. As he says, the ball stays in the hole, but it is in a short time to be shot from the hole. He is never hurried; never loses his nerve; he is always at his best. To beat him his opponent must do that for more than one round. There seems to be no defects in his qualities, which are strength and accuracy. He has unlimited courage, but it is the reserve of strength, not the result of timidity. His staying power is unique. Time after time he goes on and on, and with a sure hand he makes his ball go where he wants it to go. He has no other tricks.

REUTERS TELEGRAM.

London, 13th July, 1906.

THE TRANSVAAL DIFFICULTY.

The Council of Uitlanders at Johannesburg declares the proposed Franchise concession to be doctory.

Mr. Chamberlain, in reply to a question of Sir H. Campbell-Bannerman, said that he was still uncertain of the effect of the new Franchise scheme, but judging from present information it appeared that it would not immediately affect the representation of the Uitlanders in the Volksraad.

Five batteries of Artillery are under orders for South Africa. Queensland has offered 250 mounted infantry and a machine gun, and the New South Wales Lancers now at Aldershot have volunteered in the event of hostilities.

THE OUTRAGE AT MENOTSE.

Le Courrier de Saigon of the 5th inst. states that in consequence of the Menotse affair, M. Daumer, who had contemplated returning to Saigon, will now delay his departure from Tonkin until the end of July.

L'Avant de Tonkin on the 7th inst.

announced the safe arrival at Laotay of Commandant Lassalle and Messrs Duval-Pillet, Brenier, Fussion and fourteen other Europeans.

WEATHER REPORT.

The following notes are issued from the Observatory:—

On the 13th at 11 55 A.M. The barometer is inclined to fall in S. China. Pressure is highest in the Pacific to the S. of Japan, and the low pressure trough between N.E. and S.W. winds, in which a depression may be forming, still extends across the China Sea to the Pacific in front about 18° to 20° Lat. Gradients slight for E. and S.W. winds on the China coast. Forecast:—moderate fresh E. winds; unsettled, showery.

THE CHINAMAN AS A SOLDIER.

A FRANCO-CHINESE REGIMENT.

The French authorities in Indo-China have conceived the idea of converting the Chinaman into a soldier, and following the example of the British at Weihaiwei, are forming a regiment of 'Celestial' soldiers, who, it is believed, will be more efficient soldiers than the Annamese now in the French service. Men are being recruited at Kwong-chau-wan and Moncoy, and already very encouraging results have been obtained. The Tonkin newspapers state that with these native auxiliaries it will be possible to multiply the small military post that will be necessary in the mountainous regions of the Province of Kwangtung—which Province, it may be mentioned by the way, is not yet French. Its annexation is in contemplation apparently, and the French authorities, keeping a look-out ahead, believe the Chinese contingents will be better able to resist climatic diseases than the Tonkinian infantry or the European troops.

A Criticism Le Courrier de Saigon.

the absence of French influence in China at present, and points out that while the other Foreign Powers are biting fat pieces out of China France is content to hypnotize herself at Kwong-chau-wan, a desolate corner of South China continually ravaged by typhoons and storms. He calls upon the French Government to profit from the vindictive revolt at Mengtsu. M. Doumer, he says, was never made for colonialism—which, in this writer's vocabulary, means annexation of territory. He is full of financial schemes, but ignorant of the manners and customs and needs of the French Colonies. He is accused of being ignorant of their history, their evolution and their political tendencies; but we would have thought that ignorance on these points did not matter much to a French statesman.

The least said about their history, evolution and political tendencies the better.

Meanwhile, let the French get their Chinese tailfeathers. And let us watch carefully to what use this native force is applied, for if the French continue this talk of annexing Kwangtung they will begin to think it is their already and may have to be pulled up with a sudden jerk. There are other Powers interested in Kwangtung. It may not be a sphere of influence or a sphere of annexation, but it is their sphere of trade, and if the French take one step to interfere with that sphere it may be necessary to speak to them in a manner which will leave no doubt as to Great Britain's policy. Thinking of an island off the coast of a French Colony is too dreadful to contemplate.

IS IT RIGHT FOR AN EDITOR TO RECOMMEND A PATENT MEDICINE?

FROM SYLVAN VALLEY NEWS, BREVARD, N.C. It may be a question whether the editor of a newspaper should be publicly recommended any of the various proprietary medicines which flood the market, yet as a preventive of suffering we feel it a duty to say a good word for Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. We have known and used this medicine in our family for twenty years and have always found it reliable. In many cases a dose of this remedy would have saved a life. We do not believe in depending implicitly on any medicine for a cure, but we do believe that if a bottle of Chamberlain's Diarrhoea Remedy were kept on hand and administered at the inception of an attack much suffering might be avoided and in very many cases the presence of a physician would not be required. As the Chamberlain's Diarrhoea Remedy is sold in all parts of the world, we can recommend it to all who are afflicted with these troubles. Write to Geo. W. Peck, New York.

THE MUCKLE HOUSE IN JAPAN.

The Osaka Mainichi states that on the New Treaties coming into operation Messrs Jardine, Matheson & Co. intend opening business at Nagoya, and will commence by importing cotton and sugar. The goods will be conveyed to Yokohama by steamer, and thence to Nagoya by the Kansai Railway. Our correspondent also says that Mr. Taniguchi, a prominent merchant at Nagoya, has been appointed agent of the firm at Nagoya.

DEATH OF A NATURALIST IN HAINAN.

THE LATE MR JOHN WHITEHEAD. Some days ago, our evening contemporary intimated the death in Hainan of Mr John Whitehead, the well-known naturalist. This was the first intimation to reach Hongkong, but a correspondent in Hailow to whom we had applied for information regarding Mr Whitehead's movements supplemented what has been already published with the following notes despatched from Hailow on the 10th inst.:

'Mr Whitehead took five or six Filipinos and a Chinaman or two away into the interior. He was not quite well when he left Hailow, and I advised him against going into a malarious place. He said that he did not fear, that he was quite prepared to take the chances, and he was well accustomed to taking a care of himself. We heard from him indirectly from time to time, that he was getting plenty of birds, &c. The Chinese said that he had attempted to ascend the Five Finger Mountain, but that the "Thunder God" had promptly killed one of his men. This story was not verified.

'On 9th June, we heard that he was dead; and on 10th June the remains arrived in Hailow. I made out from the attendants that dysentery had been the cause of death. The remains were followed to the "Five Palms" by most of the foreign community, and the burial service was read by the Rev. C. H. Newton. The cemetery is a little plot of ground about halfway between Hailow and Kiangchow.

'The Rev. Paul Berger came here from Kiangchow (the new German port) with the idea of using a short vacation in bird-hunting in Hainan. He was here much less than Mr Whitehead, but came out in a bad shape, and when he reached Kiangchow he had a most severe sickness in which he was unable for his life. It foreboded him to shoot in the interior of Hainan, I can give the medical advice to come in the Fall and early winter, and not at the time that these gentlemen did.'

The late Mr Whitehead is best known from his description of a naturalist's tour in the Island of Borneo, and he was one of the two or three foreigners who have accomplished the difficult ascent of the mountain of Kina Balu. In this connection, it is worthy of notice that reference is made to Mr Whitehead in Jameson's 'Story of the Rear Column of the Emin Pasha Relief Expedition,' which created so much commotion at the time of its publication. In his notes on the late Mr Jameson's ornithological collection, Mr R. Bowdler Sharpe, F.L.S., etc., Zoological Department, British Museum, states that he suggested to Mr Jameson a visit to the Island of Borneo with the main object of exploring Kina Balu. Mr Jameson did go to Borneo, but did not attempt the mountain trip, and Mr Bowdler Sharpe appends the following footnote:—Within the last few years, another young friend of mine, Mr John Whitehead, acting under my advice, ascended Kina Balu after great difficulties, and obtained about fifty new species of birds, some of them of the most beautiful plumage and form.

The deceased had made an extensive zoological survey of the Philippine Archipelago and was preparing a work on the subject. Upon the American occupation of Manila, he came out from England to complete his work; but owing to the disturbed state of the country he abandoned his original plan and contemplated tours of exploration in the Islands of Hainan and Formosa, with a special view of studying the differences or similarities of the birds in these islands with known species in the Malay Archipelago. He was, we believe, a native of Edinburgh. Being possessed of ample means, he was able to gratify his intense love for travel in little known regions, and having all the naturalist's instincts and keen and critical observation he has enriched the world's knowledge of zoology very considerably. He was comparatively a young man, and seemed to have a long career before him. Unfortunately, while residing in Manila in the early months of the year, when the conditions of life there were far from agreeable, Mr Whitehead was not in robust health, and it is very probable that the seeds of disease were then sown in his system. Upon arrival in Hongkong, after a rough trip across from Manila, he was confined to bed for a few days, but he was so anxious to make up for time lost in the Philippines that nothing could induce him to remain in Hongkong to recuperate. It appears from our correspondent's letter that when he arrived at Hailow he was still in a low state of health although his eager spirit led him into the malarious forests of Hainan. His death will be regretted by many Far Eastern residents, and much sympathy will go out to his relatives in the Homeland.

'The Muckle House' in Japan. The Osaka Mainichi states that on the New Treaties coming into operation Messrs Jardine, Matheson & Co. intend opening business at Nagoya, and will commence by importing cotton and sugar. The goods will be conveyed to Yokohama by steamer, and thence to Nagoya by the Kansai Railway. Our correspondent also says that Mr. Taniguchi, a prominent merchant at Nagoya, has been appointed agent of the firm at Nagoya.

'The Muckle House' in Japan. The Osaka Mainichi states that on the New Treaties coming into operation Messrs Jardine, Matheson & Co. intend opening business at Nagoya, and will commence by importing cotton and sugar. The goods will be conveyed to Yokohama by steamer, and thence to Nagoya by the Kansai Railway. Our correspondent also says that Mr. Taniguchi, a prominent merchant at Nagoya, has been appointed agent of the firm at Nagoya.

'The Muckle House' in Japan. The Osaka Mainichi states that on the New Treaties coming into operation Messrs Jardine, Matheson & Co. intend opening business at Nagoya, and will commence by importing cotton and sugar. The goods will be conveyed to Yokohama by steamer, and thence to Nagoya by the Kansai Railway. Our correspondent also says that Mr. Taniguchi, a prominent merchant at Nagoya, has been appointed agent of the firm at Nagoya.

'The Muckle House' in Japan. The Osaka Mainichi states that on the New Treaties coming into operation Messrs Jardine, Matheson & Co. intend opening business at Nagoya, and will commence by importing cotton and sugar. The goods will be conveyed to Yokohama by steamer, and thence to Nagoya by the Kansai Railway. Our correspondent also says that Mr. Taniguchi, a prominent merchant at Nagoya, has been appointed agent of the firm at Nagoya.

'The Muckle House' in Japan. The Osaka Mainichi states that on the New Treaties coming into operation Messrs Jardine, Matheson & Co. intend opening business at Nagoya, and will commence by importing cotton and sugar. The goods will be conveyed to Yokohama by steamer, and thence to Nagoya by the Kansai Railway. Our correspondent also says that Mr. Taniguchi, a prominent merchant at Nagoya, has been appointed agent of the firm at Nagoya.

'The Muckle House' in Japan. The Osaka Mainichi states that on the New Treaties coming into operation Messrs Jardine, Matheson & Co. intend opening business at Nagoya, and will commence by importing cotton and sugar. The goods will be conveyed to Yokohama by steamer, and thence to Nagoya by the Kansai Railway. Our correspondent also says that Mr. Taniguchi, a prominent merchant at Nagoya, has been appointed agent of the firm at Nagoya.

'The Muckle House' in Japan. The Osaka Mainichi states that on the New Treaties coming into operation Messrs Jardine, Matheson & Co. intend opening business at Nagoya, and will commence by importing cotton and sugar. The goods will be conveyed to Yokohama by steamer, and thence to Nagoya by the Kansai Railway. Our correspondent also says that Mr. Taniguchi, a prominent merchant at Nagoya, has been appointed agent of the firm at Nagoya.

'The Muckle House' in Japan. The Osaka Mainichi states that on the New Treaties coming into operation Messrs Jardine, Matheson & Co. intend opening business at Nagoya, and will commence by importing cotton and sugar. The goods will be conveyed to Yokohama by steamer, and thence to Nagoya by the Kansai Railway. Our correspondent also says that Mr. Taniguchi, a prominent merchant at Nagoya, has been appointed agent of the firm at Nagoya.

'The Muckle House' in Japan. The Osaka Mainichi states that on the New Treaties coming into operation Messrs Jardine, Matheson & Co. intend opening business at Nagoya, and will commence by importing cotton and sugar. The goods will be conveyed to Yokohama by steamer, and thence to Nagoya by the Kansai Railway. Our correspondent also says that Mr. Taniguchi, a prominent merchant at Nagoya, has been appointed agent of the firm at Nagoya.

'The Muckle House' in Japan. The Osaka Mainichi states that on the New Treaties coming into operation Messrs Jardine, Matheson & Co. intend opening business at Nagoya, and will commence by importing cotton and sugar. The goods will be conveyed to Yokohama by steamer, and thence to Nagoya by the Kansai Railway. Our correspondent also says that Mr. Taniguchi, a prominent merchant at Nagoya, has been appointed agent of the firm at Nagoya.

'The Muckle House' in Japan. The Osaka Mainichi states that on the New Treaties coming into operation Messrs Jardine, Matheson & Co. intend opening business at Nagoya, and will commence by importing cotton and sugar. The goods will be conveyed to Yokohama by steamer, and thence to Nagoya by the Kansai Railway. Our correspondent also says that Mr. Taniguchi, a prominent merchant at Nagoya, has been appointed agent of the firm at Nagoya.

'The Muckle House' in Japan. The Osaka Mainichi states that on the New Treaties coming into operation Messrs Jardine, Matheson & Co. intend opening business at Nagoya, and will commence by importing cotton and sugar. The goods will be conveyed to Yokohama by steamer, and thence to Nagoya by the Kansai Railway. Our correspondent also says that Mr. Taniguchi, a prominent merchant at Nagoya, has been appointed agent of the firm at Nagoya.

'The Muckle House' in Japan. The Osaka Mainichi states that on the New Treaties coming into operation Messrs Jardine, Matheson & Co. intend opening business at Nagoya, and will commence by importing cotton and sugar. The goods will be conveyed to Yokohama by steamer, and thence to Nagoya by the Kansai Railway. Our correspondent also says that Mr. Taniguchi, a prominent merchant at Nagoya, has been appointed agent of the firm at Nagoya.

'The Muckle House' in Japan. The Osaka Mainichi states that on the New Treaties coming into operation Messrs Jardine, Matheson & Co. intend opening business at Nagoya, and will commence by importing cotton and sugar. The goods will be conveyed to Yokohama by steamer, and thence to Nagoya by the Kansai Railway. Our correspondent also says that Mr. Taniguchi, a prominent merchant at Nagoya, has been appointed agent of the firm at Nagoya.

'The Muckle House' in Japan. The Osaka Mainichi states that on the New Treaties coming into operation Messrs Jardine, Matheson & Co. intend opening business at Nagoya, and will commence by importing cotton and sugar. The goods will be conveyed to Yokohama by steamer, and thence to Nagoya by the Kansai Railway. Our correspondent also says that Mr. Taniguchi, a prominent merchant at Nagoya, has been appointed agent of the firm at Nagoya.

'The Muckle House' in Japan. The Osaka Mainichi states that on the New Treaties coming into operation Messrs Jardine, Matheson & Co. intend opening business at Nagoya, and will commence by importing cotton and sugar. The goods will be conveyed to Yokohama by steamer, and thence to Nagoya by the Kansai Railway. Our correspondent also says that Mr. Taniguchi, a prominent merchant at Nagoya, has been appointed agent of the firm at Nagoya.

'The Muckle House' in Japan. The Osaka Mainichi states that on the New Treaties coming into operation Messrs Jardine, Matheson & Co. intend opening business at Nagoya, and will commence by importing cotton and sugar. The goods will be conveyed to Yokohama by steamer, and thence to Nagoya by the Kansai Railway. Our correspondent also says that Mr. Taniguchi, a prominent merchant at Nagoya, has been appointed agent of the firm at Nagoya.

'The Muckle House' in Japan. The Osaka Mainichi states that on the New Treaties coming into operation Messrs Jardine, Matheson & Co. intend opening business at Nagoya, and will commence by importing cotton and sugar. The goods will be conveyed to Yokohama by steamer, and thence to Nagoya by the Kansai Railway. Our correspondent also says that Mr. Taniguchi, a prominent merchant at Nagoya, has been appointed agent of the firm at Nagoya.

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

DEMONSTRATION AT THE CLUB LUTETIENS.

At the Club Lutetien yesterday afternoon, Mr J. M. A. da Silva, formerly Government Electrician, gave a series of very interesting experiments in wireless telegraphy before a large audience, comprising members of the Club and prominent residents in the Colony.

Mr da Silva in a few preliminary remarks explained the general principles of telegraphy by means of wires, and also showed an instrument invented by Professor Faraday, from which it was apparent that the Professor foresaw the possibility of telegraphy without wires. Mr da Silva then explained the construction of the transmitter and receiver used in wireless telegraphy, the transmitter being placed in the opposite corner of the room from the receiver. This transmitter is an apparatus for radiating the electric waves. It consists of a small induction coil worked by six cells of high-voltage battery, a manipulator, like the Morse, to send dots and dashes, and a pole about 10 feet long carrying a metal flag at the top and connected by a covered wire with one of the terminals of the secondary wire of the induction coil.

A small glass tube containing two silver balls connected with two brass wires and the space between the balls partly filled with some metallic powder is the most essential feature of the receiver. It is by means of this tube that the existence of electric oscillations is located. This tube is known as the 'coherer' or 'radio conductor,' and was discovered by Professor Ruhmkorff, of Paris, in 1859, modified by Professor Lodge, of England, and lastly perfected by Signor Marconi.

This coherer forms part of a circuit containing two small coils of Leyden battery and a small telegraph, by which another circuit which works a transmitter or teleprinter, to attract the glass tube, and when he reached Kiangchow he had a most severe sickness in which he was unable for his life. It foreboded him to shoot in the interior of Hainan, I can give the medical advice to come in the Fall and early winter, and not at the time that these gentlemen did.'

The late Mr Whitehead is best known from his description of a naturalist's tour in the Island of Borneo, and he was one of the two or three foreigners who have accomplished the difficult ascent of the mountain of Kina Balu. In this connection, it is worthy of notice that reference is made to Mr Whitehead in Jameson's 'Story of the Rear Column of the Emin Pasha Relief Expedition,' which created so much commotion at the time of its publication. In his notes on the late Mr Jameson's ornithological collection, Mr R. Bowdler Sharpe, F.L.S., etc., Zoological Department, British Museum, states that he suggested to Mr Jameson a visit to the Island of Borneo with the main object of exploring Kina Balu. Mr Jameson did go to Borneo, but did not attempt the mountain trip, and Mr Bowdler Sharpe appends the following footnote:—Within the last few years, another young friend of mine, Mr John Whitehead, acting under my advice, ascended Kina Balu after great difficulties, and obtained about fifty new species of birds, some of them of the most beautiful plumage and form.

The deceased had made an extensive zoological survey of the Philippine Archipelago and was preparing a work on the subject. Upon the American occupation of Manila, he came out from England to complete his work; but owing to the disturbed state of the country he abandoned his original plan and contemplated tours of exploration in the Islands of Hainan and Formosa, with a special view of studying the differences or similarities of the birds in these islands with known species in the Malay Archipelago. He was, we believe, a native of Edinburgh. Being possessed of ample means, he was able to gratify his intense love for travel in little known regions, and having all the naturalist's instincts and keen and critical observation he has enriched the world's knowledge of zoology very considerably. He was comparatively a young man, and seemed to have a long career before him. Unfortunately, while residing in Manila in the early months of the year, when the conditions of life there were far from agreeable, Mr Whitehead was not in robust health, and it is very probable that the seeds of disease were then sown in his system. Upon arrival in Hongkong, after a rough trip across from Manila, he was confined to bed for a few days, but he was so anxious to make up for time lost in the Philippines that nothing could induce him to remain in Hongkong to recuperate. It appears from our correspondent's letter that when he arrived at Hailow he was still in a low state of health although his eager spirit led him into the malarious forests of Hainan. His death will be regretted by many Far Eastern residents, and much sympathy will go out to his relatives in the Homeland.

'The Muckle House' in Japan. The Osaka Mainichi states that on the New Treaties coming into operation Messrs Jardine, Matheson & Co. intend opening business at Nagoya, and will commence by importing cotton and sugar. The goods will be conveyed to Yokohama by steamer, and thence to Nagoya by the Kansai Railway. Our correspondent also says that Mr. Taniguchi, a prominent merchant at Nagoya, has been appointed agent of the firm at Nagoya.

'The Muckle House' in Japan. The Osaka Mainichi states that on the New Treaties coming into operation Messrs Jardine, Matheson & Co. intend opening business at Nagoya, and will commence by importing cotton and sugar. The goods will be conveyed to Yokohama by steamer, and thence to Nagoya by the Kansai Railway. Our correspondent also says that Mr. Taniguchi, a prominent merchant at Nagoya, has been appointed agent of the firm at Nagoya.

'The Muckle House' in Japan. The Osaka Mainichi states that on the New Treaties coming into operation Messrs Jardine, Matheson & Co. intend opening business at Nagoya, and will commence by importing cotton and sugar. The goods will be conveyed to Yokohama by steamer, and thence to Nagoya by the Kansai Railway. Our correspondent also says that Mr. Taniguchi, a prominent merchant at Nagoya, has been appointed agent of the firm at Nagoya.

'The Muckle House' in Japan. The Osaka Mainichi states that on the New Treaties coming into operation Messrs Jardine, Matheson & Co. intend opening business at Nagoya, and will commence by importing cotton and sugar. The goods will be conveyed to Yokohama by steamer, and thence to Nagoya by the Kansai Railway. Our correspondent also says that Mr. Taniguchi, a prominent merchant at Nagoya, has been appointed agent of the firm at Nagoya.

'The Muckle House' in Japan. The Osaka Mainichi states that on the New Treaties coming into operation Messrs Jardine, Matheson & Co. intend opening business at Nagoya, and will commence by importing cotton and sugar. The goods will be conveyed to Yokohama by steamer, and thence to Nagoya by the Kansai Railway. Our correspondent also says that Mr. Taniguchi, a prominent merchant at Nagoya, has been appointed agent of the firm at Nagoya.

'The Muckle House' in Japan. The Osaka Mainichi states that on the New Treaties coming into operation Messrs Jardine, Matheson & Co. intend opening business at Nagoya, and will commence by importing cotton and sugar. The goods will be conveyed to Yokohama by steamer, and thence to Nagoya by the Kansai Railway. Our correspondent also says that Mr. Taniguchi, a prominent merchant at Nagoya, has been appointed agent of the firm at Nagoya.

'The Muckle House' in Japan. The Osaka Mainichi states that on the New Treaties coming into operation Messrs Jardine, Matheson & Co. intend opening business at Nagoya, and will commence by importing cotton and sugar. The goods will be conveyed to Yokohama by steamer, and thence to Nagoya by the Kansai Railway. Our correspondent also says that Mr. Taniguchi, a prominent merchant at Nagoya, has been appointed agent of the firm at Nagoya.

'The Muckle House' in Japan. The Osaka Mainichi states that on the New Treaties coming into operation Messrs Jardine, Matheson & Co. intend opening business at Nagoya, and will commence by importing cotton and sugar. The goods will be conveyed to Yokohama by steamer, and thence to Nagoya by the Kansai Railway. Our correspondent also says that Mr. Taniguchi, a prominent merchant at Nagoya, has been appointed agent of the firm at Nagoya.

'The Muckle House' in Japan. The Osaka Mainichi states that on the New Treaties coming into operation Messrs Jardine, Matheson & Co. intend opening business at Nagoya, and will commence by importing cotton and sugar. The goods will be conveyed to Yokohama by steamer, and thence to Nagoya by the Kansai Railway. Our correspondent also says that Mr. Taniguchi, a prominent merchant at Nagoya, has been appointed agent of the firm at Nagoya.


'The Muckle House' in Japan. The Osaka Mainichi states that on the New Treaties coming into operation Messrs Jardine, Matheson & Co. intend opening business at Nagoya, and will commence by importing cotton and sugar. The goods will be conveyed to Yokohama by steamer, and thence to Nagoya by the Kansai Railway. Our correspondent also says that Mr. Taniguchi, a prominent merchant at Nagoya, has been appointed agent of the firm at Nagoya.

'The Muckle House' in Japan. The Osaka Mainichi states that on the New Treaties coming into operation Messrs Jardine, Matheson & Co. intend opening business at Nagoya, and will commence by importing cotton and sugar. The goods will be conveyed to Yokohama by steamer, and thence to Nagoya by the Kansai Railway. Our correspondent also says that Mr. Taniguchi, a prominent merchant at Nagoya, has been appointed agent

Walls

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY'S
ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIP LINE.

**CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY'S
ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIP LINE.**



**THE FAST ROUTE BETWEEN CHINA, JAPAN AND EUROPE,
VIA CANADA AND THE UNITED STATES.**
Call at SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA AND VICTORIA, B.C.)

SAFETY—SPEED—PUNCTUALITY.

Twin Screw Steamships—4,000 Tons—10,000 Horses power—Speed 19 knots.

— :: —

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.
(Subject to Alteration.)

EMPERESS OF JAPAN...Comdr. G. D. HOWLE, R.N.R. WEDNESDAY, 19th July '99.
EMPERESS OF CHINA...Comdr. R. ARCHIBALD, R.N.R. WEDNESDAY, 9th Aug. '99.
EMPERESS OF INDIA...Comdr. O. P. MAESHALL, R.N.R. WEDNESDAY, 30th Aug. '99.

— :: —

THE magnificent TWIN SCREW STEAMSHIPS of this Line pass through the famous INLAND SEA OF JAPAN usually making the service YOKOHAMA TO

ANCOUVER (B.C.) in 12 DAYS, saving THREE DAYS to a WEEK in the Trans-Pacific journey, and make connection at Vancouver with the PALATIAL TRANS-CONTINENTAL TRAINS of the CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY, which leave WITHOUT CHANGE. Close connection is made at Montreal, Quebec, Halifax, New Brunswick, and the Atlantic Lines, which passengers to Great Britain and to Continent are given choice of.

Passengers booked through to all principal points and AROUND THE WORLD return tickets to various points at reduced rates. Good for 4, 6, 9 and 12 months.

SPECIAL RATES (first class only) granted to Missionaries, Members of the Naval, Military, Diplomatic and Civil Services, and to European Officials in the Service of British and Japan Governments.

Particular attention is called to this Company's route embrace its PALATIAL TEAMSHPHS (second to none in the World), the LUXURANCE OF ITS TRANS-CONTINENTAL TRAINS (the Company having received the highest award for same at recent Chicago World's Exhibition) and the diversity of MAGNIFICENT

MOUNTAIN AND LAKE SCENERY through which the Railway passes.
THE DINING CARS AND MOUNTAIN HOTELS of this route are owned and
 operated by the Company and the appointments are excellent.
 For further information, Maps, Guide Books, Rates of Passage, etc., apply to
D. E. BROWN, General Agent,
Hongkong, July 12, 1899.
PADDER STREET, 1524

ORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD **HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE.**
 (FAVORITE SERVICE). (FAST ATLANTIC SERVICE).

Carrying Cargo at through rates to ANTWERP, AMSTERDAM, ROTTERDAM, LUGBON, OPORTO,
LONDON, LIVERPOOL, GLASGOW, TRIESTE, GENOA, PORTS in the LEVANT,
BLACK SEA and BALTIC PORTS; NORTH and SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS).

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.
SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

Steamers.	Destinations.	Sailing Dates.
S. <i>EVON</i> <i>Richmrs.</i> Captain H. JACOBI.	HAVRE and HAMBURG. (London with transhipment in H'burg.)	About 5th August. Freight.
S. S. <i>SILFIA</i> , Capt. BARNARD.	HAVRE and HAMBURG. (London with transhipment in H'burg.)	About 8th August. Freight & Passage.
S. <i>WITTENBURG</i> ,	HAVRE and HAMBURG. (London)	About 17th Freight.

S. CAPT. MABSEN, } with transshipment in H'burg, } August. }
S. ALEZIA, } HAVRE and RUEN. } (About 31st } Freight.
Capt. KNUTH, } (L'odoe with transshipment in H'burg, } August. }

* These Steamers have Superior Accommodation for Passengers, and carry a Doctor and a Stewardess.

Call on M. LIPMAN, 22 Nassau-st. only, for full and complete information.

For further particulars as to Freight, Passage, etc., apply to

CARLOWITZ & Co. Agents.
 Hongkong, July 8, 1899. 1377

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA,
 (THE JAPAN MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.)

PROJECTED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG—SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.		
Steamers.	Destinations.	Sailing Dates.
ASUGA MARU. R. W. HARVEY.	NAGASAKI KOBE & YOKOHAMA.	THURSDAY, 20th Juv. at 4 p.m.

KINSHIU MARU, W. BRADY.	VICTORIA, B.C., and SEATTLE, U.S.A., via KOBE & YOKOHAMA.	THURSDAY, 27th July, at 4 p.m.
AMAKURA MARU, N. TRENT.	MARSEILLES, LONDON AND ANTWERP, via SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO and PORT SAID.	THURSDAY, 27th July, at 4 p.m.

AWATA MARU
A. E. Moses.

**THURSDAY ISLAND, TOWNS-
VILLE, BRISBANE, SYDNEY
and MELBOURNE.**

FRIDAY, 28th
July, at 4 p.m.

* Through Passenger Tickets and Bills of Lading issued for the Principal Cities in the United States, Canada and Europe, in connection with the GREAT NORTHERN RAILROAD AND ALASKA STEAMSHIP SERVICE.

For further information as to Freight, Passage, Sailings, Etc., apply at the Company's local Branch Office at No. 7, Prince Street.

A. S. MIYAKA, Manager.

Hongkong, July 10, 1899. 1897

NORTHERN PACIFIC STEAMSHIP CO

NORTHSEA TACOMA STEAMSHIP CO.
PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.
Via Shanghai, Inland Sea of Japan, Kobe and Yokohama.

FOR VICTORIA, B.C. and TACOMA	FOR PORTLAND, OREGON,
IN CONNECTION WITH	IN CONNECTION WITH
THE PACIFIC COAST STEAMSHIP CO.	THE PACIFIC COAST STEAMSHIP CO.

Northern Pacific Railway Co.				Oregon Railroad & Navigation Co.			
Steamer	Ton.	Captain	Expected Sailing	Steamer	Tons	Captain	Proposed Sailing
Albatross	3500	J. P. Patton	July 20	Montezuma	2077	W. A. Evans	July 22
Albatross	2811A	B. Dixon	Aug. 6	Albatross	2077	J. C. Williamson	Aug. 19
Albatross	740R	D. Jones	Sept. 2	Albatross	2070	H. Dolson	Sept. 23
Albatross	2837J	J. Tuohedridge	Sept. 12	Albatross	2074	W. A. Evans	Oct. 7

THE attention of passengers is directed to the very cheap rates offered by this Line to the PACIFIC COAST and to the INTERIOR and EASTERN CITIES of the UNITED STATES and to EUROPE.

HONGKONG TO LONDON, 247.
Excellent accommodation. First class Table, Doctor and Stewardess carried.
Passengers to EUROPE may proceed by one of the First-Class ATLANTIC MAIL LINES.

HONGKONG TO PEW YORK 441
The Railroad travelling is second to none on the American Continent; two trans-continental trains daily from LACOMA. Day & Car is attached to trans-continental trains and daily LACOMA to New York in 4 days. Magnificent Scenery of the Rocky Canadian Mountains. The Ice Lawtons National Park Lodge.
HONGKONG TO VICTORIA, LACOMA OR PORTLAND 442
The best route to the Klamath Gorge Region. Frequent sailings from Victoria.

HONGKONG 10-YELLOWSTONE PARK AND BACK \$35.00.
This rate covers the round voyage to Tsingtao or Portland and back, railway from
either of Portland to Cinnabar and return, Sleeping and Dining Car accommodation
en route to Tsingtao and return, and return, and Stage Coach transportation Cinnabar
to Mammoth Hot Springs, Shoshone, Fountain and Upper Geyser Basins, Yellowstone
Lake, Grand Cañon and Falls of the Yellowstone, and return, and five and one-half
board at the Park reservation hotel.

These vessels will be used for passenger duty by N. P. Steamer having Hongkong, Canton, Shanghai, Yokohama, Kobe, and Japan, and will be used for transportation on N. P. Steamer for four months, thus allowing ample time for bunking and fitting up in addition to the duty of the vessels. The vessel time can be made within three months.

Office of Engineer, U. S. Customs, on application
James C. Smith, U. S. Customs, at Sacramento, California
San Francisco, California, U. S. Customs, at San Francisco, California

Signature	Date	Print Name	Page
[Signature]	10/11/2001	[Name]	100

Insurance.

THE IMPERIAL MARINE INSURANCE CO., LTD., TOKYO.

THE Underwritten are prepared to accept Marine Risks at Current Rates.
GEO. R. STEVENS & Co., Agents.
Hongkong, January 5, 1899. 45

UNION ASSURANCE SOCIETY.

(Instituted in the Reign of Queen Anne A.D. 1719)
CAPITAL FUNDS SUBSCRIBED, £450,000.
CAPITAL PAID UP, £150,000.
TOTAL INVESTED FUNDS EXCEED £3,200,000.
TOTAL ANNUAL INCOME, £223,203.

THE Underwritten, having been appointed Agents of the above Society, in Hongkong, are prepared to accept Marine Risks at Current Rates.
HARRY WICKING & Co., Agents.
1142

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY.

TOTAL FUNDS AT 31st DECEMBER, 1898, £13,934,989.

Authorized Capital, £3,000,000.00
Subscribed Capital, £2,750,000.00
Paid-up Capital, £2,687,500.00
Fire Funds, £2,756,459.711

HAVING been appointed Agents of the above Company we are prepared to accept Marine and Fire Risks at Current Rates.

SHEWAN, TOMES & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, June 28, 1899. 1537

THE STANDARD

Is one of the oldest and wealthiest of BRITISH LIFE OFFICES.
Accumulated Funds, £3,870,000
Annual Revenue, £21,000,000
For Forms of Proposal and every information, apply to
DODWELL & CO., LTD., Agents.
Hongkong, January 5, 1899. 8-85

Hotels.

WINDSOR HOTEL, HONGKONG, STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS.

PASSENGER ELEVATOR FROM RAMPAGE HALL TO EACH FLOOR, BOARD AND LODGING, MONTHLY RATES NOW GIVEN.

P. DOHM, Proprietor and Manager.
Hongkong, 28th April, 1899. 1597

BOARD & LODGING

\$3.00 PER DAY. 90 & 92, QUEEN'S ROAD WEST.

THE WESTERN HOTEL

519

NEW VICTORIA HOTEL

ROTISSERIE, Meals a la Carte.

CHOPS, STEAKS, etc., etc., at any time, between 7.30 a.m. and 11 p.m.

Monthly Table at Moderate Rates. Madar & Farmer, Proprietors.

Hongkong, May 1, 1899. 1788

KOWLOON HOTEL, BRITISH KOWLOON.

THIS HOTEL is now under New Management, and is situated in a quiet locality. Excellent accommodation. Cuisine the best in the Colony. BOWLING ALLEY AND BILLIARDS. J. WILLIAM O'BORNE, Proprietor and Manager.

Hongkong, January 5, 1899. 79

Intimations.

Mitsui Bussan Kaisha, No. 6, 1st House Street, Prince Central.

HEAD OFFICE: TOKYO.
BRANCH OFFICES: London, New York, Bombay, Singapore, Shanghai, Yokohama, Hankow and all Ports in Japan.
AGENCIES:—
MINE COAL MINES, CHINA COAL MINES, KANAWA COAL MINES, YOKO MARINE INSURANCE CO., LTD., MIKI FISH INSURANCE CO., LTD., IMPERIAL GOVT. PAPER MILL, JAPAN COTTON CLEANING & WASHING CO., LTD., ONODA CEMENT CO., LTD., KANAWA COTTON SPINNING MILL, LTD., MIKI COTTON SPINNING MILL, LTD., TOKIO COTTON SPINNING MILL, LTD., HAYASHI CLOCK FACTORY, LTD., Hongkong, August 3, 1897. 1528

Kinghorn & Macdonald.

Consulting Mechanical Engineers and Surveyors.

CONTRACTORS FOR THE SUPPLY OF ALL KINDS OF MACHINERY AND APPLIANCES.

JOE MAKING.

Messrs. KINGHORN AND MACDONALD, having been appointed SOLE AGENTS for Messrs. J. and E. HALL'S PATENT REFRIGERATING MACHINERY, are prepared to supply Estimates, Plans and Specifications for all sizes of Machines.

Address: Prince Central, under Hongkong Hotel.

Telephone, "KINGHORN, Hongkong." A. B. C. & A. I. Codes used.

JOHN W. KINGHORN, M.I.M.E., M.I.Mech., F.R.S., DONALD MACDONALD, Hongkong, May 28, 1898. 1068

THE BACK DOOR.

A Series of Articles entitled 'THE BACK DOOR,' which appeared in the China Mail, have been reprinted and may be obtained in Pamphlet Form.

Price 1s. 6d. per copy. 81.

CHESS COLUMN.

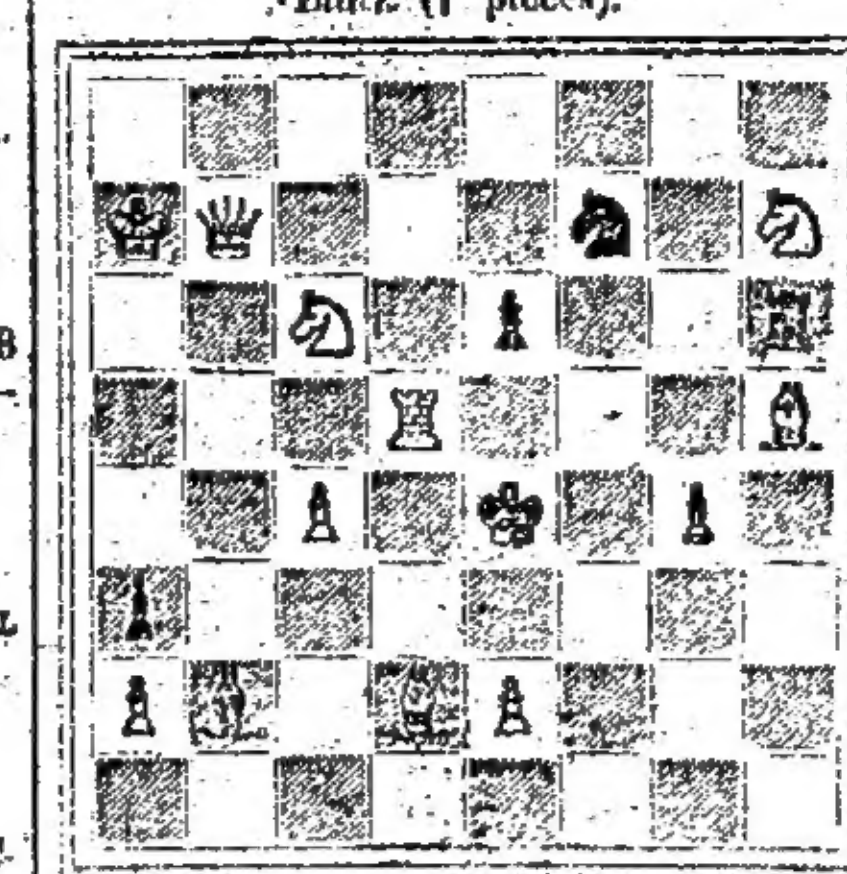
CONDUCTED BY "BLACK & SHOP."

Communications should be addressed to "CHINA MAIL OFFICE." Original Problems should be accompanied by Solution and Analysis.

The Hongkong Chess Club meets every Monday, Wednesday and Thursday, from four till half-past seven p.m., at the Public Library, 18, Bank Buildings.

Problem No. 149.

By W. Gleaves. Black (7 pieces).



White to play and mate in 2 moves.

Solution to Problem No. 147 by P. F. Blake.

1 Q-K3. Then if

1 K-B4 2 N-B2
1 P-Q4 2 Q-K5
1 P-K3 2 Q-P
1 P-K4 2 K-P
1 B-B4 2 Q-K4
1 K-B2 2 N-B2
1 K-B6 2 N-B2
1 K-B5 2 K-K5
1 P-K6 2 Q-K6

With other variations.

Correct Solution from R.A.D.

Hongkong, July 13.

The Hongkong Chess Club have at last received their Championship trophy, and I am glad to hear that Mr P. A. Reutons, the present holder, is pleased with its appearance. It consists of a massive silver Knight on a blackwood stand, with medallions round the base for the names of successive winners. The figure was carefully modelled in Hongkong from a Staunton Knight under the supervision of Mr. E. W. Taylor. The carrier had some difficulty with the ears that for some insurmountable reason he wished to lengthen so that it had even less of an equine appearance than it should, but this difficulty was surmounted. I have seen the trophy, and think it striking and not unpleasing in appearance.

I submit a couple of the earlier games played in the International Tournament, in the two-round Masters' contest.

The rules of the game allow the player who gets a Pawn to the eighth square to select any piece he desires, irrespective of the fact that he has other pieces of the same kind. You can have two or more Queens, three or more Bishops, Knights, or Rooks. In former times the Pawn was always retained at the eighth square as a Pawn until some piece was captured for which it could be exchanged. The plurality of pieces, so justly denounced by Philidor, was not permitted. Staunton thinks the theory of the game to be as much at variance with plurality of Queens as of other pieces. Ponziani says: "A Pawn arrived at its eighth square is by that very fact invested with the quality of a piece previous to its loss. But if no piece has been lost, the player must hold its denomination in suspense till that occurs." While this may seem to be a more sensible rule than the one which now obtains, yet the modern rule is accepted by Chess-players the world over.

I believe the modern rule to be more just than the laws thus laid down by Ponziani, Philidor and Staunton. If there have been no captures save those of pawns and an exchange of knights, the reward for the immense labour of pushing up a pawn to the eighth row would be inadequate, and an immortal pawn awaiting his transformation, and meanwhile reducing the board to 63 squares, seems more contrary to the theory of chess than even a plurality of pieces. Besides, Chess would not be worth playing without the chance of nine Queens.

Game No. 238.

QUEEN'S PAWS OPENING.

(White) (Black)

1 P-K4 P-K4
2 P-Q4 P-K3
3 Kt-QB3 P-K3
4 P-K3 Kt-K3
5 Kt-B3 P-P
6 B-P B-P
7 B-K3 B-K3
8 Q-K5 E-B4
9 Q-K2 P-P
10 P-F P-K2
11 R-Q Q-K2
12 B-K5 Q-K2
13 P-Q P-P
14 Kt-P Q-K3
15 Kt-K3 Kt-B3
16 Kt-B5 B-B4
17 Kt-Q7 Q-B3
18 Kt-K5 Q-K3
19 Kt-K5 Q-K3
20 Kt-K5 Q-K3
21 B-Q B-K3
22 B-B B-K3
23 Kt-B Kt-B
24 Kt-B Kt-B
25 Q-Q Q-K3
26 Q-Q Q-K3
27 Q-B Q-K3
28 P-B Q-K3
29 B-B Q-K3
30 B-B Q-K3
31 B-B Q-K3
32 B-B Q-K3
33 B-B Q-K3
34 B-B Q-K3
35 B-B Q-K3
36 B-B Q-K3
37 B-B Q-K3
38 B-B Q-K3
39 B-B Q-K3
40 B-B Q-K3
41 B-B Q-K3
42 B-B Q-K3
43 B-B Q-K3
44 B-B Q-K3
45 B-B Q-K3
46 B-B Q-K3
47 B-B Q-K3
48 B-B Q-K3
49 B-B Q-K3
50 B-B Q-K3
51 B-B Q-K3
52 B-B Q-K3
53 B-B Q-K3
54 B-B Q-K3
55 B-B Q-K3
56 B-B Q-K3
57 B-B Q-K3
58 B-B Q-K3
59 B-B Q-K3
60 B-B Q-K3
61 B-B Q-K3
62 B-B Q-K3
63 B-B Q-K3

White to play and mate in 2 moves.

Solution to Problem No. 147 by P. F. Blake.

1 Q-K3. Then if

1 K-B4 2 N-B2
1 P-Q4 2 Q-K5
1 P-K3 2 Q-P
1 P-K4 2 K-P
1 B-B4 2 Q-K4
1 K-B2 2 N-B2
1 K-B6 2 N-B2
1 K-B5 2 K-K5
1 P-K6 2 Q-K6

With other variations.

Correct Solution from R.A.D.

Hongkong, July 13.

The Hongkong Chess Club have at last received their Championship trophy, and I am glad to hear that Mr P. A. Reutons, the present holder, is pleased with its appearance. It consists of a massive silver Knight on a blackwood stand, with medallions round the base for the names of successive winners. The figure was carefully modelled in Hongkong from a Staunton Knight under the supervision of Mr. E. W. Taylor. The carrier had some difficulty with the ears that for some insurmountable reason he wished to lengthen so that it had even less of an equine appearance than it should, but this difficulty was surmounted. I have seen the trophy, and think it striking and not unpleasing in appearance.

I submit a couple of the earlier games played in the International Tournament, in the two-round Masters' contest.

The rules of the game allow the player who gets a Pawn to the eighth square to select any piece he desires, irrespective of the fact that he has other pieces of the same kind. You can have two or more Queens, three or more Bishops, Knights, or Rooks. In former times the Pawn was always retained at the eighth square as a Pawn until some piece was captured for which it could be exchanged. The plurality of pieces, so justly denounced by Philidor, was not permitted. Staunton thinks the theory of the game to be as much at variance with plurality of Queens as of other pieces. Ponziani says: "A Pawn arrived at its eighth square is by that very fact invested with the quality of a piece previous to its loss. But if no piece has been lost, the player must hold its denomination in suspense till that occurs." While this may seem to be a more sensible rule than the one which now obtains, yet the modern rule is accepted by Chess-players the world over.

I believe the modern rule to be more just than the laws thus laid down by Ponziani, Philidor and Staunton. If there have been no captures save those of pawns and an exchange of knights, the reward for the immense labour of pushing up a pawn to the eighth row would be inadequate, and an immortal pawn awaiting his transformation, and meanwhile reducing the board to 63 squares, seems more contrary to the theory of chess than even a plurality of pieces. Besides, Chess would not be worth playing without the chance of nine Queens.

Game No. 238.

QUEEN'S PAWS OPENING.

(White) (Black)

1 P-K4 P-K4
2 P-Q4 P-K3
3 Kt-QB3 P-K3
4 P-K3 Kt-K3
5 Kt-B3 P-P
6 B-P B-P
7 B-K3 B-K3
8 Q-K5 E-B4
9 Q-K2 P-P
10 P-F P-K2
11 R-Q Q-K2
12 B-K5 Q-K2
13 P-Q P-P
14 Kt-P Q-K3
15 Kt-K3 Kt-B3
16 Kt-B5 B-B4
17 Kt-Q7 Q-B3
18 Kt-K5 Q-K3
19 Kt-K5 Q-K3
20 Kt-K5 Q-K3
21 B-Q B-K3
22 B-B B-K3
23 Kt-B Kt-B
24 Kt-B Kt-B
25 Q-Q Q-K3
26 Q-Q Q-K3
27 Q-B Q-K3
28 P-B Q-K3
29 B-B Q-K3
30 B-B Q-K3
31 B-B Q-K3
32 B-B Q-K3
33 B-B Q-K3
34 B-B Q-K3
35 B-B Q-K3
36 B-B Q-K3
37 B-B Q-K3
38 B-B Q-K3
39 B-B Q-K3
40 B-B Q-K3
41 B-B Q-K3
42 B-B Q-K3
43 B-B Q-K3
44 B-B Q-K3
45 B-B Q-K3
46 B-B Q-K3
47 B-B Q-K3
48 B-B Q-K3
49 B-B Q-K3
50 B-B Q-K3
51 B-B Q-K3
52 B-B Q-K3
53 B-B Q-K3
54 B-B Q-K3
55 B-B Q-K3
56 B-B Q-K3
57 B-B Q-K3
58 B-B Q-K3
59 B-B Q-K3
60 B-B Q-K3
61 B-B Q-K3
62 B-B Q-K3
63 B-B Q-K3

White to play and mate in 2 moves.

Solution to Problem No. 147 by P. F. Blake.

1 Q-K3. Then if

1 K-B4 2 N-B2
1 P-Q4 2 Q-K5
1 P-K3 2 Q-P
1 P-K4 2 K-P
1 B-B4 2 Q-K4
1 K-B2 2 N-B2
1 K-B6 2 N-B2
1 K-B5 2 K-K5
1 P-K6 2 Q-K6

With other variations.

Correct Solution from R.A.D.

Hongkong, July 13.

The Hongkong Chess Club have at last received their Championship trophy, and I am glad to hear that Mr P. A. Reutons, the present holder, is pleased with its appearance. It consists of a massive silver Knight on a blackwood stand, with medallions round the base for the names of successive winners. The figure was carefully modelled in Hongkong from a Staunton Knight under the supervision of Mr. E. W. Taylor. The carrier had some difficulty with the ears that for some insurmountable reason he wished to lengthen so that it had even less of an equine appearance than it should, but this difficulty was surmounted. I have seen the trophy, and think it striking and not unpleasing in appearance.

I submit a couple of the earlier games played in the International Tournament, in the two-round Masters' contest.

The rules of the game allow the player who gets a Pawn to the eighth square to select any piece he desires, irrespective of the fact that he has other pieces of the same kind. You can have two or more Queens, three or more Bishops, Knights, or Rooks. In former times the Pawn was always retained at the eighth square as a Pawn until some piece was captured for which it could be exchanged. The plurality of pieces, so justly denounced by Philidor, was not permitted. Staunton thinks the theory of the game to be as much at variance with plurality of Queens as of other pieces. Ponziani says: "A Pawn arrived at its eighth square is by that very fact invested with the quality of a piece previous to its loss. But if no piece has been lost, the player must hold its denomination in suspense till that occurs." While this may seem to be a more sensible rule than the one which now obtains, yet the modern rule is accepted by Chess-players the world over.

I believe the modern rule to be more just than the laws thus laid down by Ponziani, Philidor and Staunton. If there have been no captures save those of pawns and an exchange of knights, the reward for the immense labour of pushing up a pawn to the eighth row would be inadequate, and an immortal pawn awaiting his transformation, and meanwhile reducing the board to 63 squares, seems more contrary to the theory of chess than even a plurality of pieces. Besides, Chess would not be worth playing without the chance of nine Queens.

Game No. 238.

QUEEN'S PAWS OPENING.

(White) (Black)

1 P-K4 P-K4
2 P-Q4 P-K3
3 Kt-QB3 P-K3
4 P-K3 Kt-K3
5 Kt-B3 P-P
6 B-P B-P
7 B-K3 B-K3
8 Q-K5 E-B4
9 Q-K2 P-P
10 P-F P-K2
11 R-Q Q-K2
12 B-K5 Q-K2
13 P-Q P-P
14 Kt-P Q-K3
15 Kt-K3 Kt-B3
16 Kt-B5 B-B4
17 Kt-Q7 Q-B3
18 Kt-K5 Q-K3
19 Kt-K5 Q-K3
20 Kt-K5 Q-K3
21 B-Q B-K3
22 B-B B-K3
23 Kt-B Kt-B
24 Kt-B Kt-B
25 Q-Q Q-K3
26 Q-Q Q-K3
27 Q-B Q-K3
28 P-B Q-K3
29 B-B Q-K3
30 B-B Q-K3
31 B-B Q-K3
32 B-B Q-K3
33 B-B Q-K3
34 B-B Q-K3
35 B-B Q-K3
36 B-B Q-K3
37 B-B Q-K3
38 B-B Q-K3
39 B-B Q-K3
40 B-B Q-K3
41 B-B Q-K3
42 B-B Q-K3
43 B-B Q-K3
44 B-B Q-K3
45 B-B Q-K3
46 B-B Q-K3
47 B-B Q-K3
48 B-B Q-K3
49 B-B Q-K3
50 B-B Q-K3
51 B-B Q-K3
52 B-B Q-K3
53 B-B Q-K3
54 B-B Q-K3
55 B-B Q-K3
56 B-B Q-K3
57 B-B Q-K3
58 B-B Q-K3
59 B-B Q-K3
60 B-B Q-K3
61 B-B Q-K3
62 B-B Q-K3
63 B-B Q-K3

White to play and mate in 2 moves.

Solution to Problem No. 147 by P. F. Blake.

1 Q-K3. Then if

1 K-B4 2 N-B2
1 P-Q4 2 Q-K5
1 P-K3 2 Q-P
1 P-K4 2 K-P
1 B-B4 2 Q-K4
1 K-B2 2 N-B2
1 K-B6 2 N-B2
1 K-B5 2 K-K5
1 P-K6 2 Q-K6

With other variations.

Correct Solution from R.A.D.

Hongkong, July 13.

The Hongkong Chess Club have at last received their Championship trophy, and I am glad to hear that Mr P. A. Reutons, the present holder, is pleased with its appearance. It consists of a massive silver Knight on a blackwood stand, with medallions round the base for the names of successive winners. The figure was carefully modelled in Hongkong from a Staunton Knight under the supervision of Mr. E. W. Taylor. The carrier had some difficulty with the ears that for some insurmountable reason he wished to lengthen so that it had even less of an equine appearance than it should, but this difficulty was surmounted. I have seen the trophy, and think it striking and not unpleasing in appearance.

I submit a couple of the earlier games played in the International Tournament, in the two-round Masters' contest.

The rules of the game allow the player who gets a Pawn to the eighth square to select any piece he desires, irrespective of the fact that he has other pieces of the same kind. You can have two or more Queens, three or more Bishops, Knights, or Rooks. In former times the Pawn was always retained at the eighth square as a Pawn until some piece was captured for which it could be exchanged. The plurality of pieces, so justly denounced by Philidor, was not permitted. Staunton thinks the theory of the game to be as much at variance with plurality of Queens as of other pieces. Ponziani says: "A Pawn arrived at its eighth square is by that very fact invested with the quality of a piece previous to its loss. But if no piece has been lost, the player must hold its denomination in suspense till that occurs." While this may seem to be a more sensible rule than the one which now obtains, yet the modern rule is accepted by Chess-players the world over.

I believe the modern rule to be more just than the laws thus laid down by Ponziani, Philidor and Staunton. If there have been no captures save those of pawns and an exchange of knights, the reward for the immense labour of pushing up a pawn to the eighth row would be inadequate, and an immortal pawn awaiting his transformation, and meanwhile reducing the board to 63 squares, seems more contrary to the theory of chess than even a plurality of pieces. Besides, Chess would not be worth playing without the chance of nine Queens.

Game No. 238.

QUEEN'S PAWS OPENING.

(White) (Black)

1 P-K4 P-K4
2 P-Q4 P-K3
3 Kt-QB3 P-K3
4 P-K3 Kt-K3
5 Kt-B3 P-P
6 B-P B-P
7 B-K3 B-K3
8 Q-K5 E-B4
9 Q-K2 P-P
10 P-F P-K2
11 R-Q Q-K2
12 B-K5 Q-K2
13 P-Q P-P
14 Kt-P Q-K3
15 Kt-K3 Kt-B3
16 Kt-B5 B-B4
17 Kt-Q7 Q-B3
18 Kt-K5 Q-K3
19 Kt-K5 Q-K3
20 Kt-K5 Q-K3
21 B-Q B-K3
22 B-B B-K3
23 Kt-B Kt-B
24 Kt-B Kt-B
25 Q-Q Q-K3
26 Q-Q Q-K3
27 Q-B Q-K3
28 P-B Q-K3
29 B-B Q-K3
30 B-B Q-K3
31 B-B Q-K3
32 B-B Q-K3
33 B-B Q-K3
34 B-B Q-K3
35 B-B Q-K3
36 B-B Q-K3
37 B-B Q-K3
38 B-B Q-K3
39 B-B Q-K3
40 B-B Q-K3
41 B-B Q-K3
42 B-B Q-K3
43 B-B Q-K3
44 B-B Q-K3
45 B-B Q-K3
46 B-B Q-K3
47 B-B Q-K3
48 B-B Q-K3
49 B-B Q-K3
50 B-B Q-K3
51 B-B Q-K3
52 B-B Q-K3
53 B-B Q-K3
54 B-B Q-K3
55 B-B Q-K3
56 B-B Q-K3
57 B-B Q-K3
58 B-B Q-K3
59 B-B Q-K3
60 B-B Q-K3
61 B-B Q-K3
62 B-B Q-K3
63 B-B Q-K3

Game No. 238.

PAWNS OPENING.

(White) (Black)

1 P-K4 P-K4
2 P-Q4 P-K3
3 Kt-QB3 P-K3
4 P-K3 Kt-K3
5 Kt-B3 P-P
6 B-P B-P
7 B-K3 B-K3
8 Q-K5 E-B4
9 Q-K2 P-P
10 P-F P-K2
11 R-Q Q-K2
12 B-K5 Q-K2
13 P-Q P-P
14 Kt-P Q-K3
15 Kt-K3 Kt-B3
16 Kt-B5 B-B4
17 Kt-Q7 Q-B3
18 Kt-K5 Q-K3
19 Kt-K5 Q-K3
20 Kt-K5 Q-K3
21 B-Q B-K3
22 B-B B-K3
23 Kt-B Kt-B
24 Kt-B Kt-B
25 Q-Q Q-K3
26 Q-Q Q-K3
27 Q-B Q-K3
28 P-B Q-K3
29 B-B Q-K3
30 B-B Q-K3
31 B-B Q-K3
32 B-B Q-K3
33 B-B Q-K3
34 B-B Q-K3
35 B-B Q-K3
36 B-B Q-K3
37 B-B Q-K3
38 B-B Q-K3
39 B-B Q-K3
40 B-B Q-K3
41 B-B Q-K3
42 B-B Q-K3
43 B-B Q-K3
44 B-B Q-K3
45 B-B Q-K3
46 B-B Q-K3
47 B-B Q-K3
48 B-B Q-K3
49 B-B Q-K3
50 B-B Q-K3
51 B-B Q-K3
52 B-B Q-K3
53 B-B Q-K3
54 B-B Q-K3
55 B-B Q-K3
56 B-B Q-K3
57 B-B Q-K3
58 B-B Q-K3
59 B-B Q-K3
60 B-B Q-K3
61 B-B Q-K3
62 B-B Q-K3
63 B-B Q-K3

White to play and mate in 2 moves.

Solution to Problem No. 147 by P. F. Blake.

1 Q-K3. Then if

1 K-B4 2 N-B2
1 P-Q4 2 Q-K5
1 P-K3 2 Q-P
1 P-K4 2 K-P
1 B-B4 2 Q-K4
1 K-B2 2 N-B2
1 K-B6 2 N-B2
1 K-B5 2 K-K5
1 P-K6 2 Q-K6

With other variations.

Correct Solution from R.A.D.

Hongkong, July 13.

The Hongkong Chess Club have at last received their Championship trophy, and I am glad to hear that Mr P. A. Reutons, the present holder, is pleased with its appearance. It consists of a massive silver Knight on a blackwood stand, with medallions round the base for the names of successive winners. The figure was carefully modelled in Hongkong from a Staunton Knight under the supervision of Mr. E. W. Taylor. The carrier had some difficulty with the ears that for some insurmountable reason he wished to lengthen so that it had even less of an equine appearance than it should, but this difficulty was surmounted. I have seen the trophy, and think it striking and not unpleasing in appearance.

I submit a couple of the earlier games played in the International Tournament, in the two-round Masters' contest.

The rules of the game allow the player who gets a Pawn to the eighth square to select any piece he desires, irrespective of the fact that he has other pieces of the same kind. You can have two or more Queens, three or more Bishops, Knights, or Rooks. In former times the Pawn was always retained at the eighth square as a Pawn until some piece was captured for which it could be exchanged. The plurality of pieces, so justly denounced by Philidor, was not permitted. Staunton thinks the theory of the game to be as much at variance with plurality of Queens as of other pieces. Ponziani says: "A Pawn arrived at its eighth square is by that very fact invested with the quality of a piece previous to its loss. But if no piece has been lost, the player must hold its denomination in suspense till that occurs." While this may seem to be a more sensible rule than the one which now obtains, yet the modern rule is accepted by Chess-players the world over.

I believe the modern rule to be more just than the laws thus laid down by Ponziani, Philidor and Staunton. If there have been no captures save those of pawns and an exchange of knights, the reward for the immense labour of pushing up a pawn to the eighth row would be inadequate, and an immortal pawn awaiting his transformation, and meanwhile reducing the board to 63 squares, seems more contrary to the theory of chess than even a plurality of pieces. Besides, Chess would not be worth playing without the chance of nine Queens.

Game No. 238.

QUEEN'S PAWS OPENING.

